

The Lorenz energy cycle in simulated rotating annulus flows

R. M. B. Young

Supplementary Material

3S run at 4500s

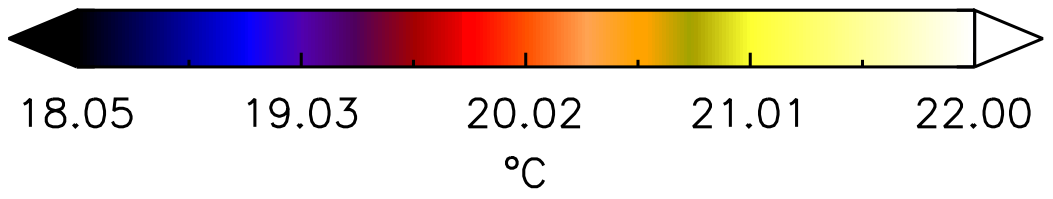
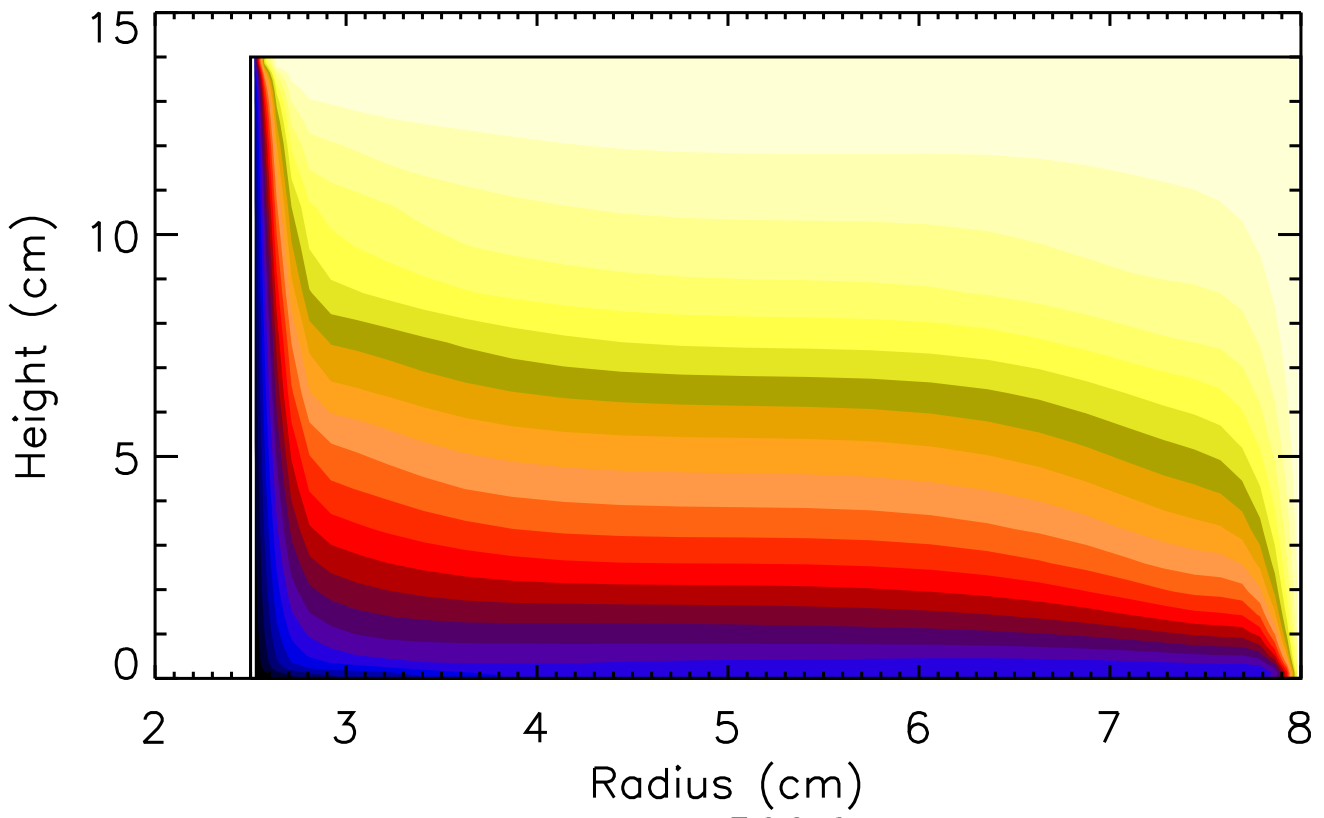
This file contains additional contour plots in the (R, z) plane, line plots showing horizontal means as a function of z , and time series.

Because of limitations in the plotting language, the notation for means is different in this document compared with the main paper:

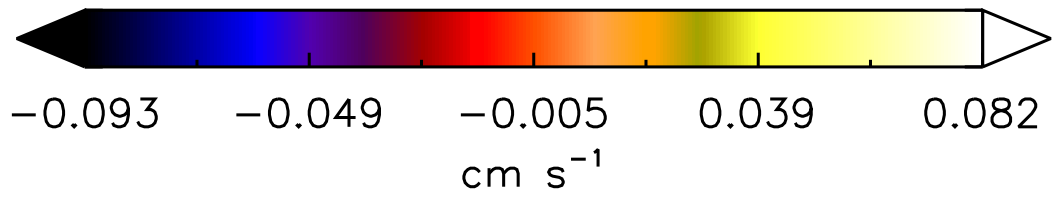
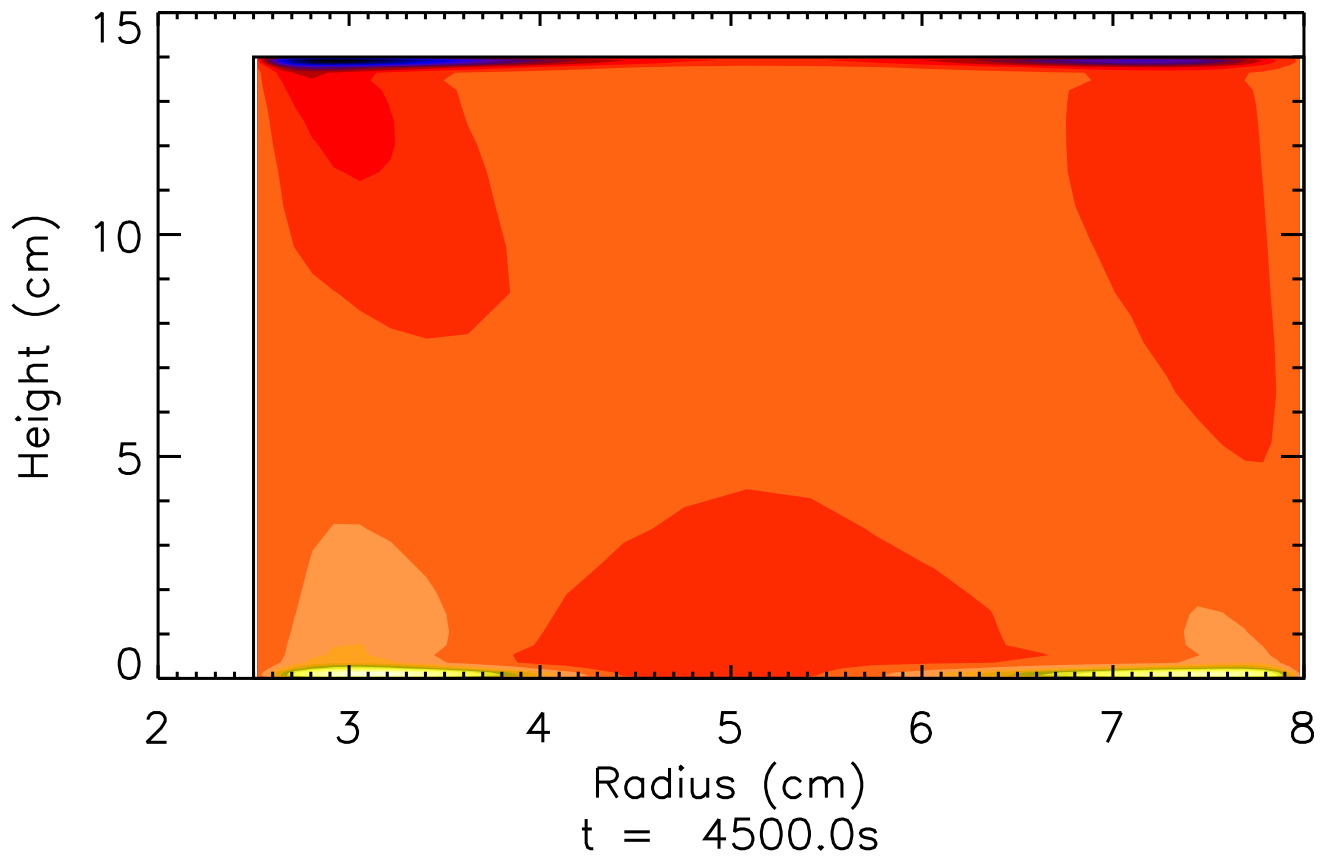
- A zonal or azimuthal mean is displayed as $\langle x \rangle$ (\bar{x} in the main paper).
- A horizontal mean is displayed as $|x|$ (\tilde{x} in the main paper).

Eddy fields use the same notation as the main paper.

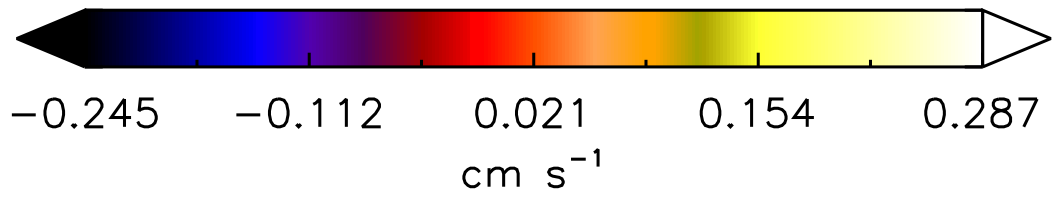
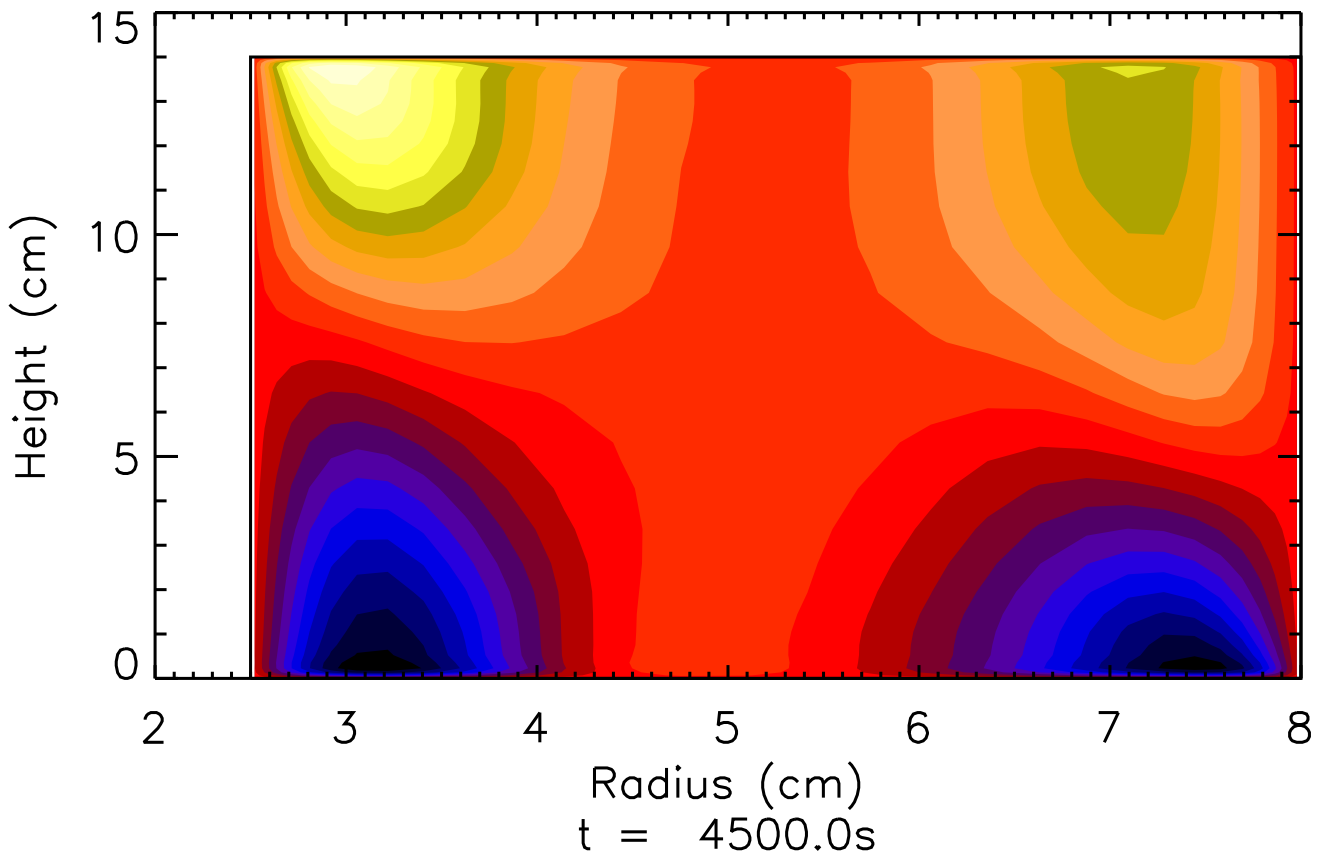
$\langle T \rangle$



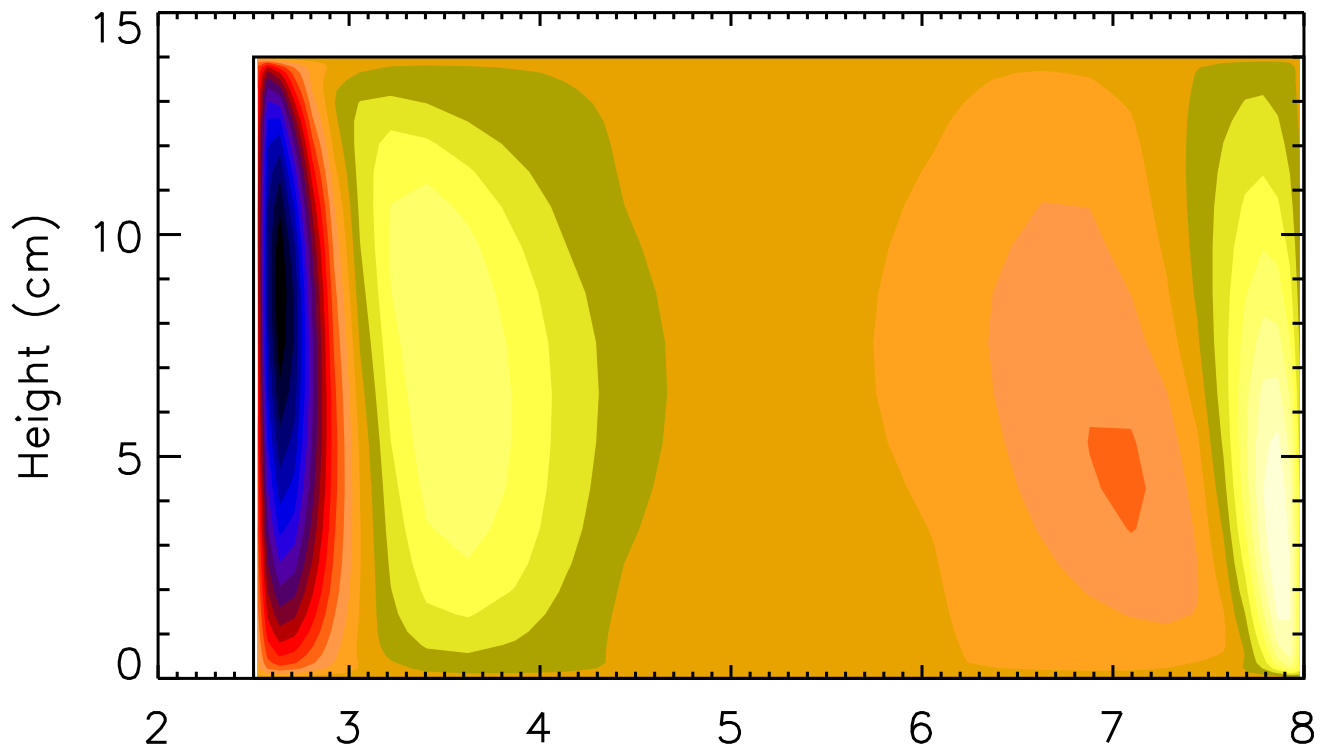
$\langle u \rangle$



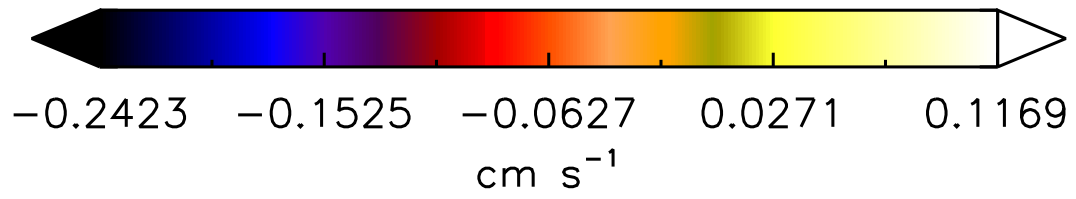
$\langle v \rangle$

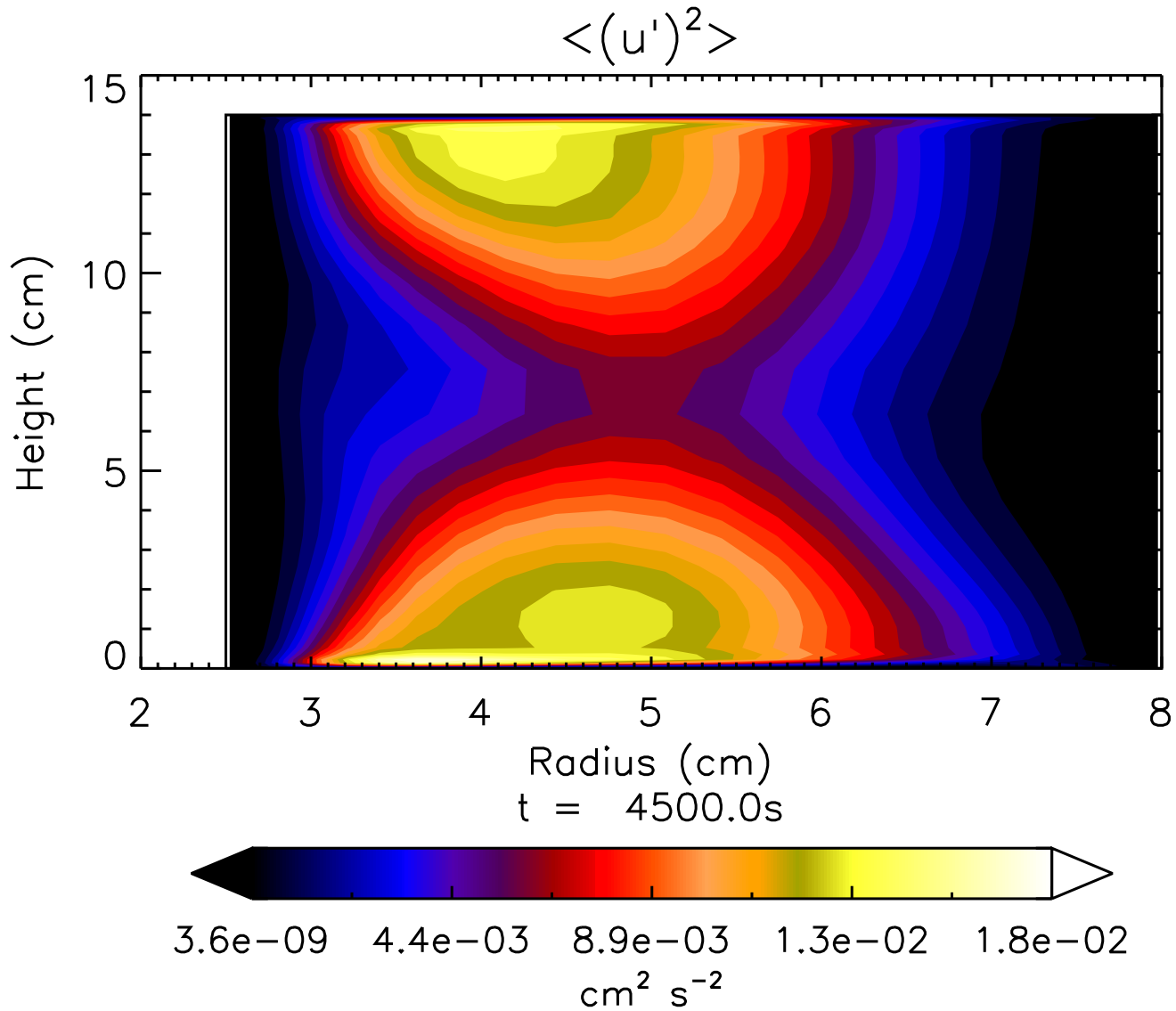


$\langle w \rangle$

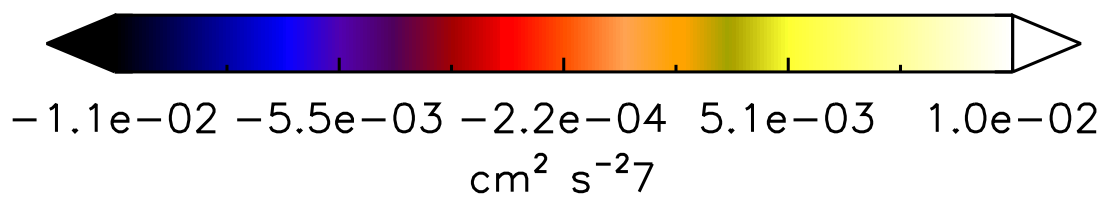
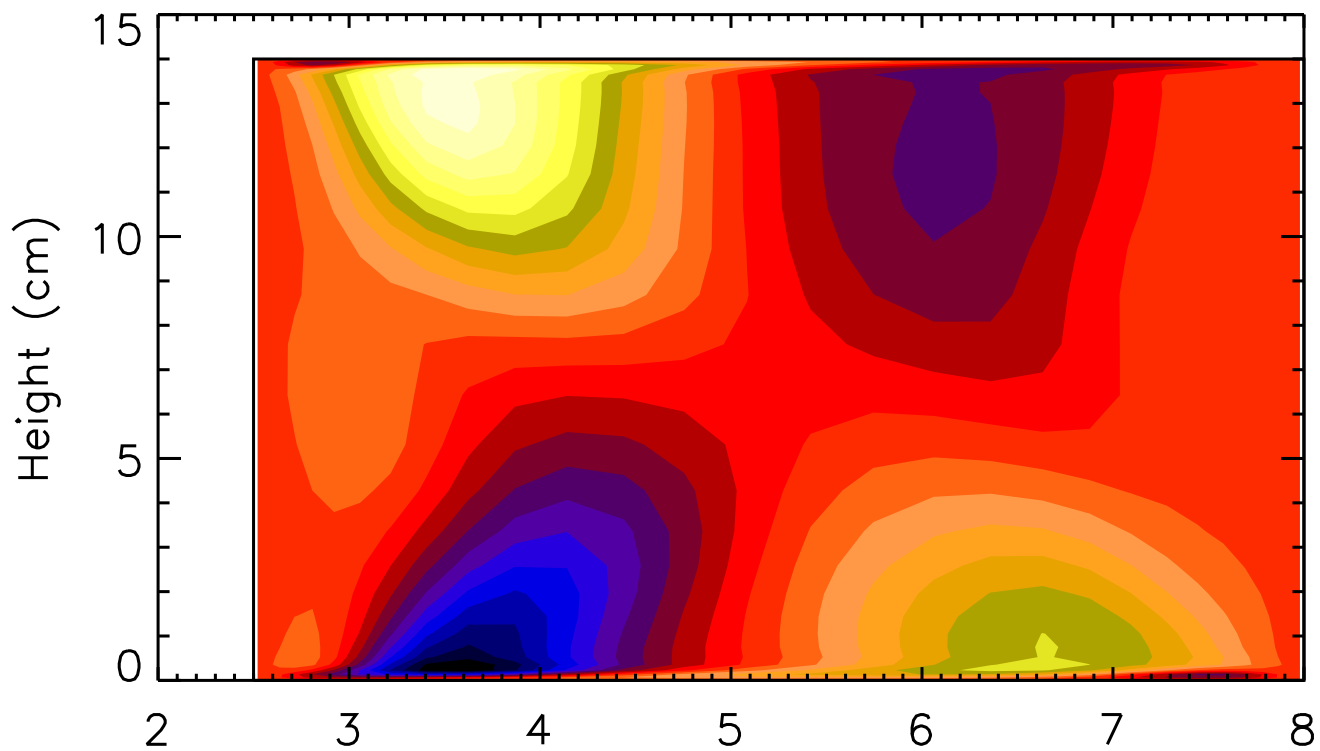


Radius (cm)
 $t = 4500.0\text{s}$

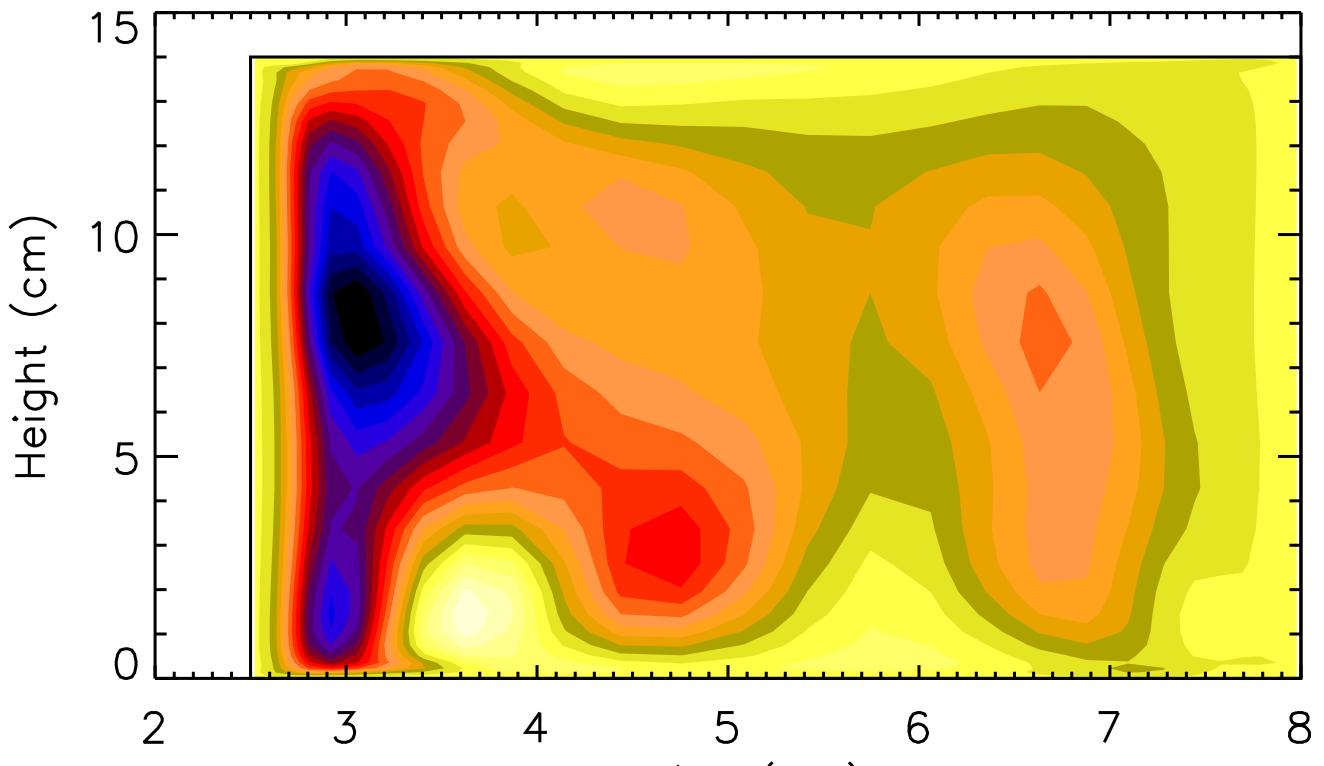




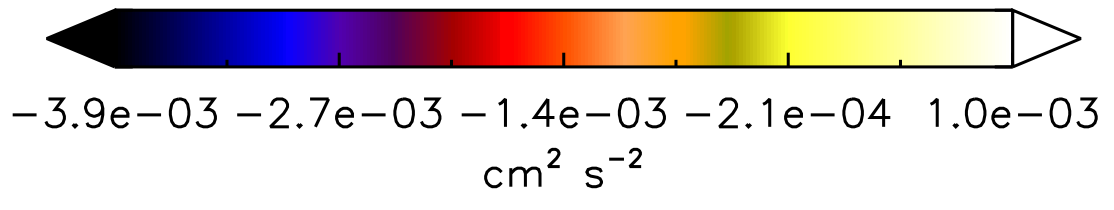
$\langle u'v' \rangle$

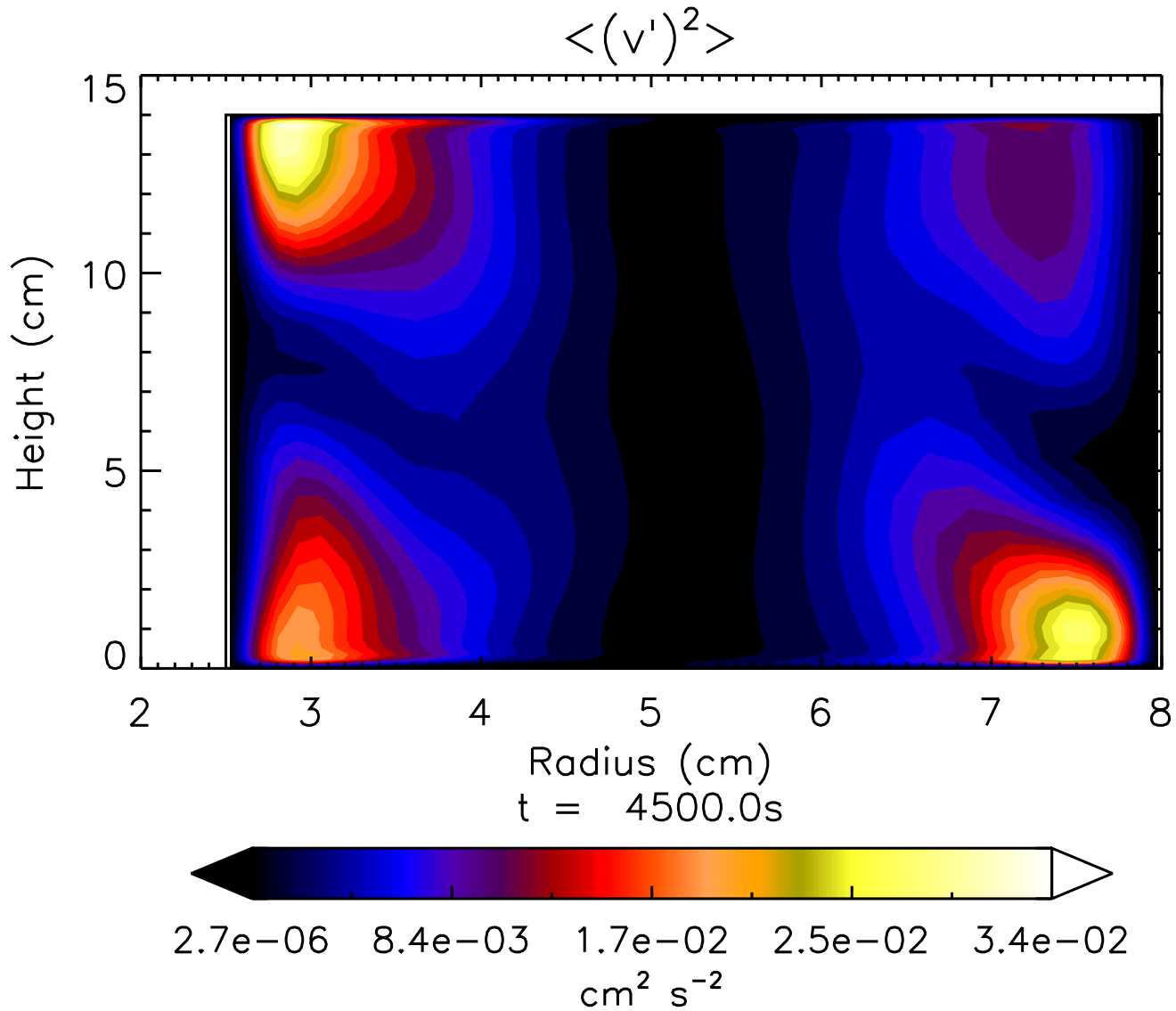


$\langle u'w' \rangle$

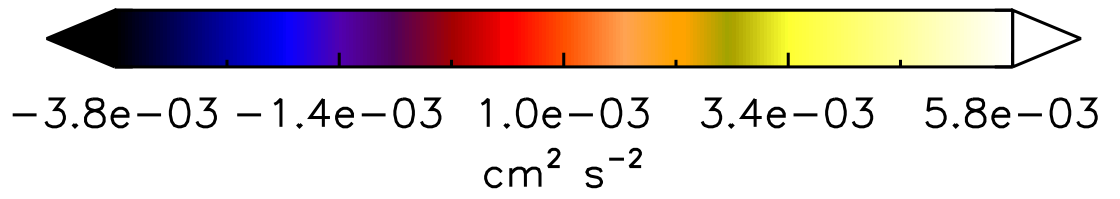
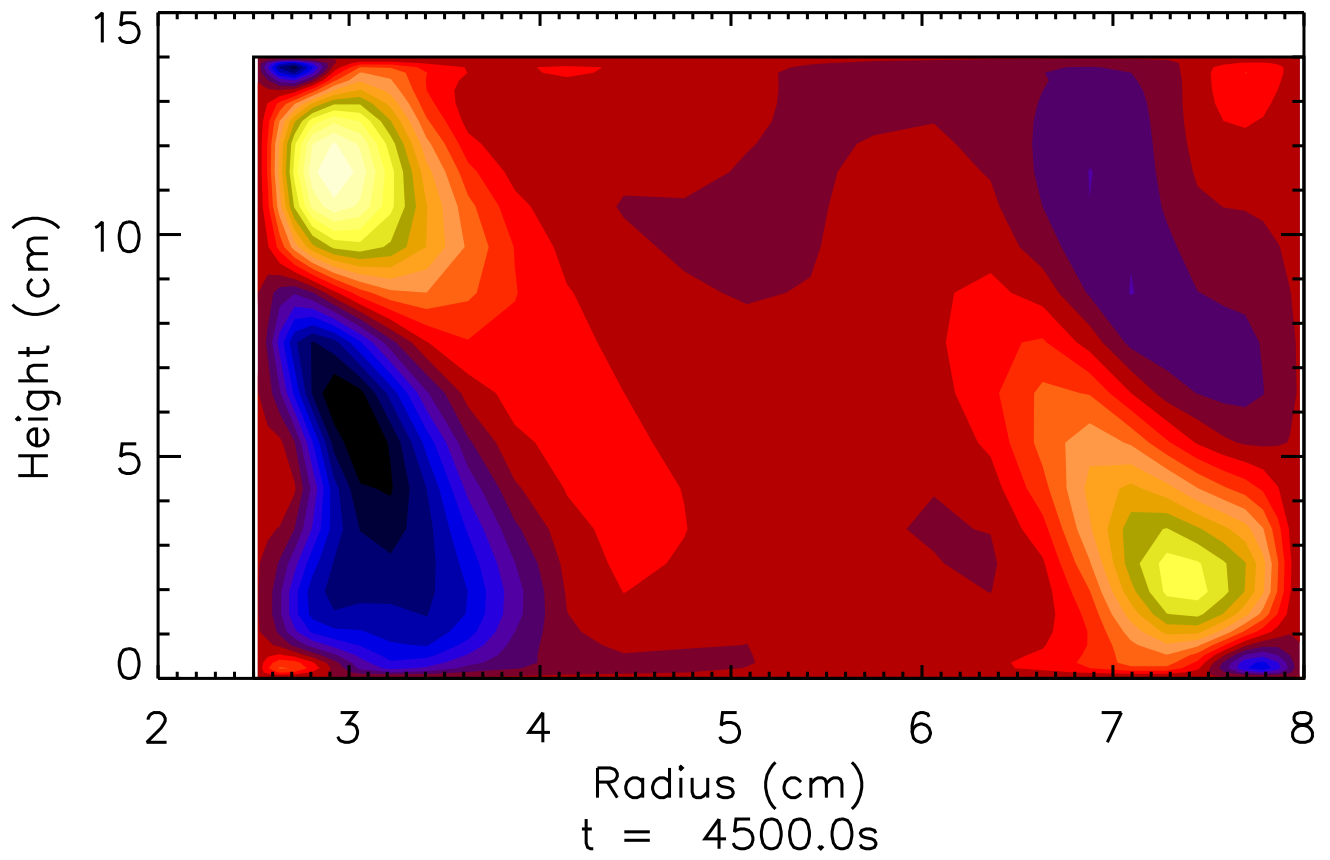


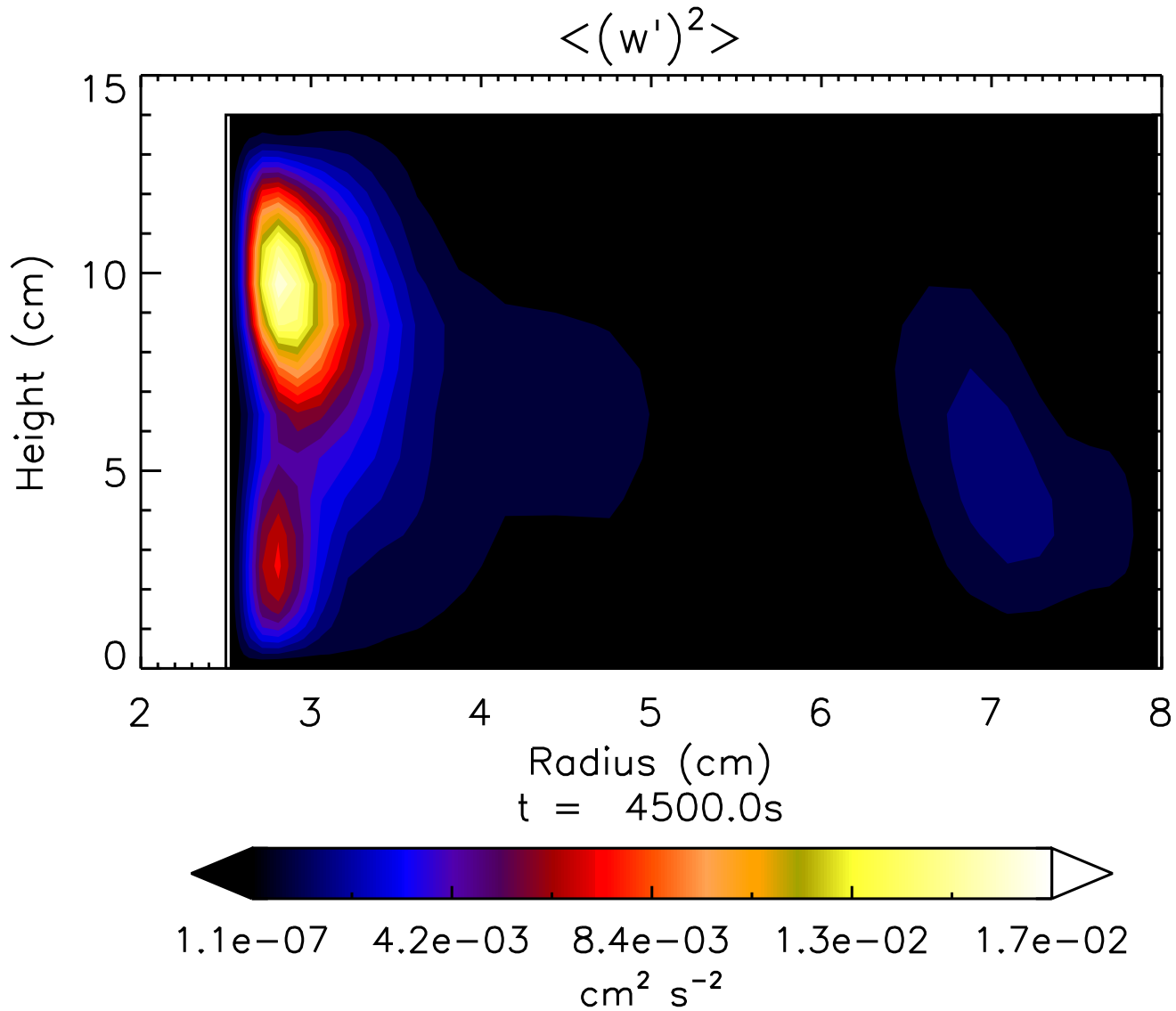
Radius (cm)
 $t = 4500.0s$



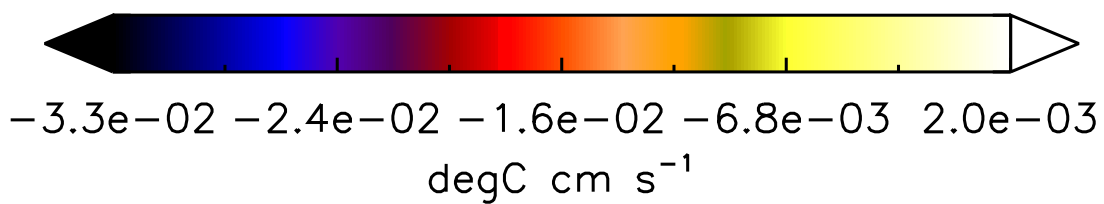
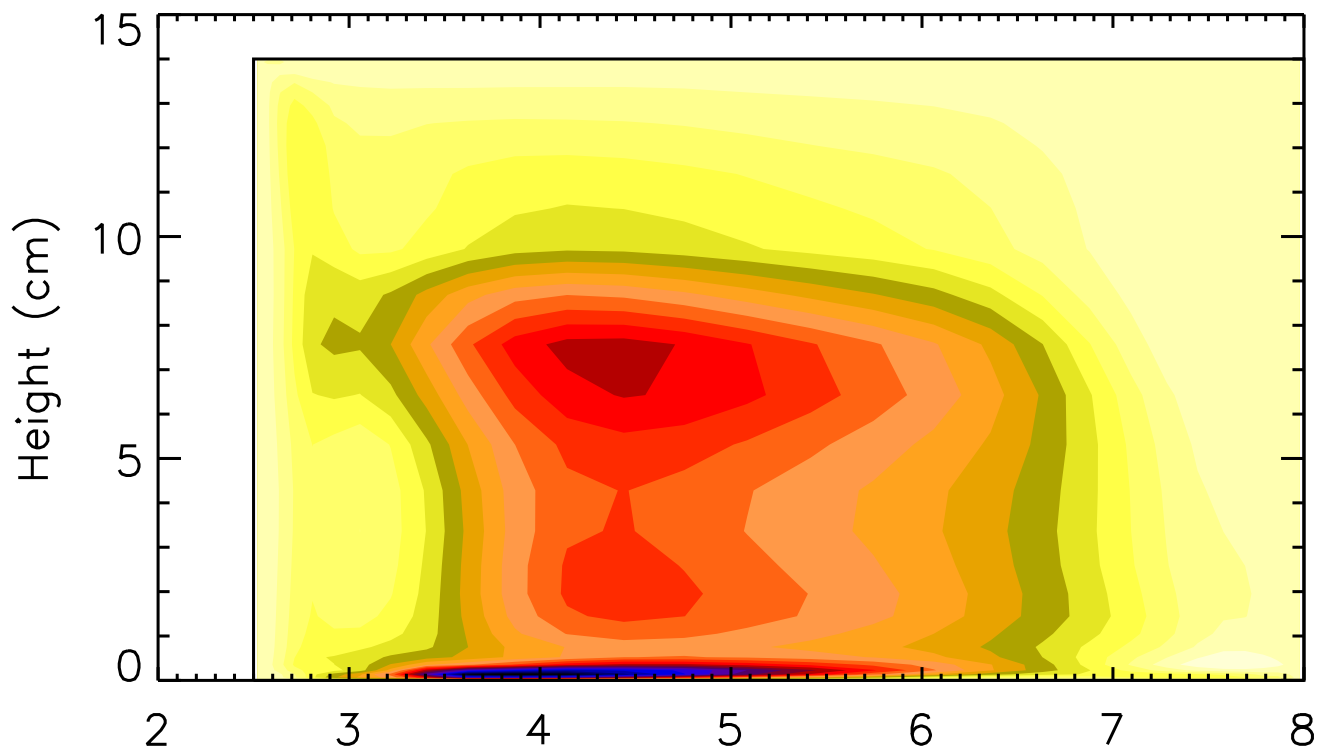


$\langle v'w' \rangle$

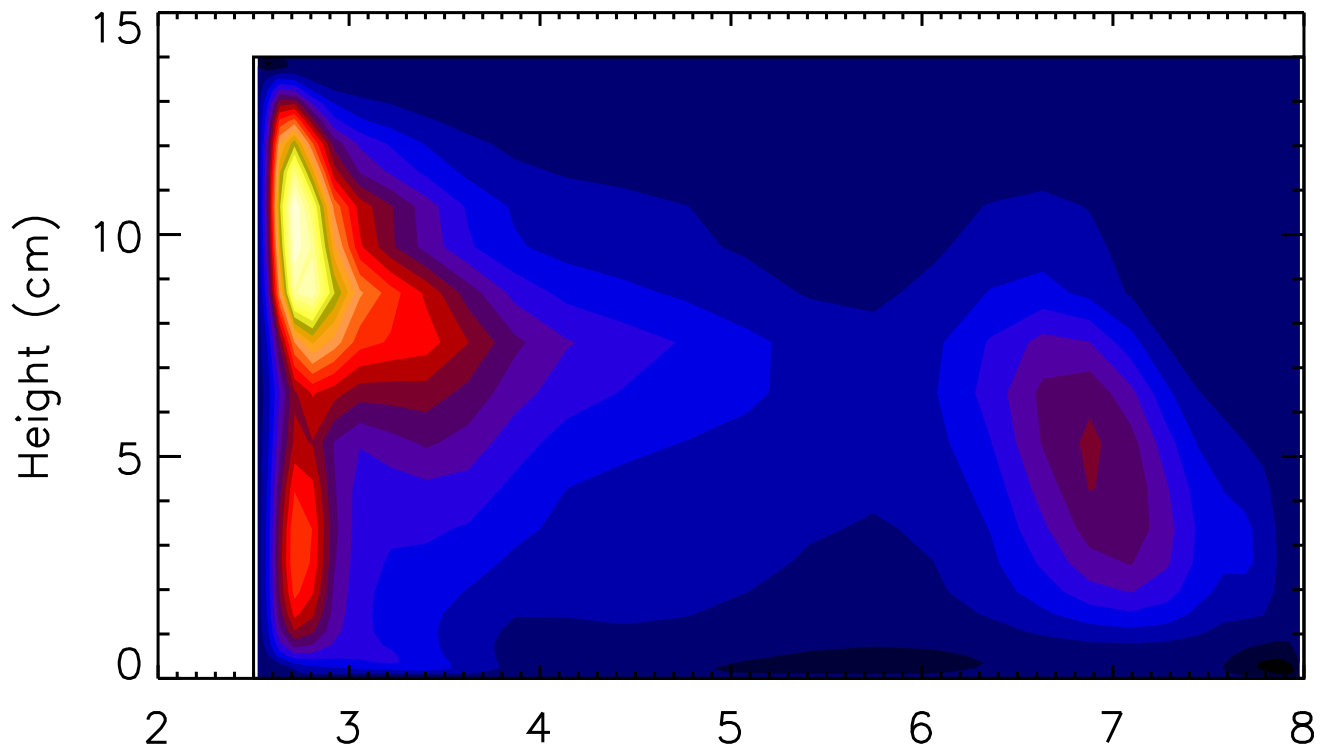




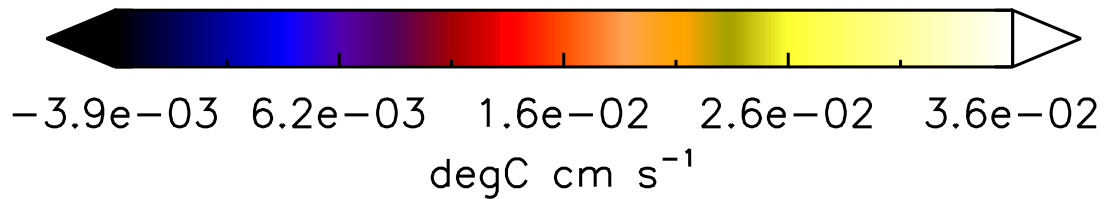
$\langle u'T' \rangle$



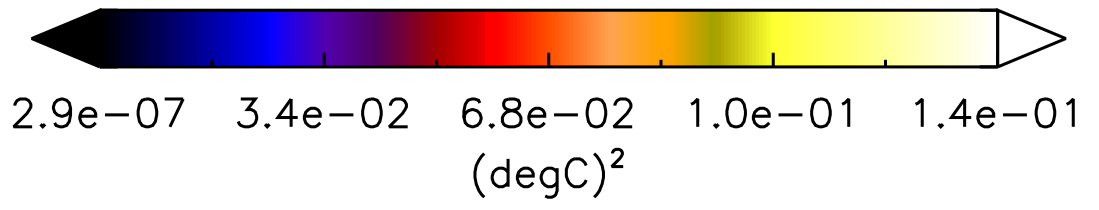
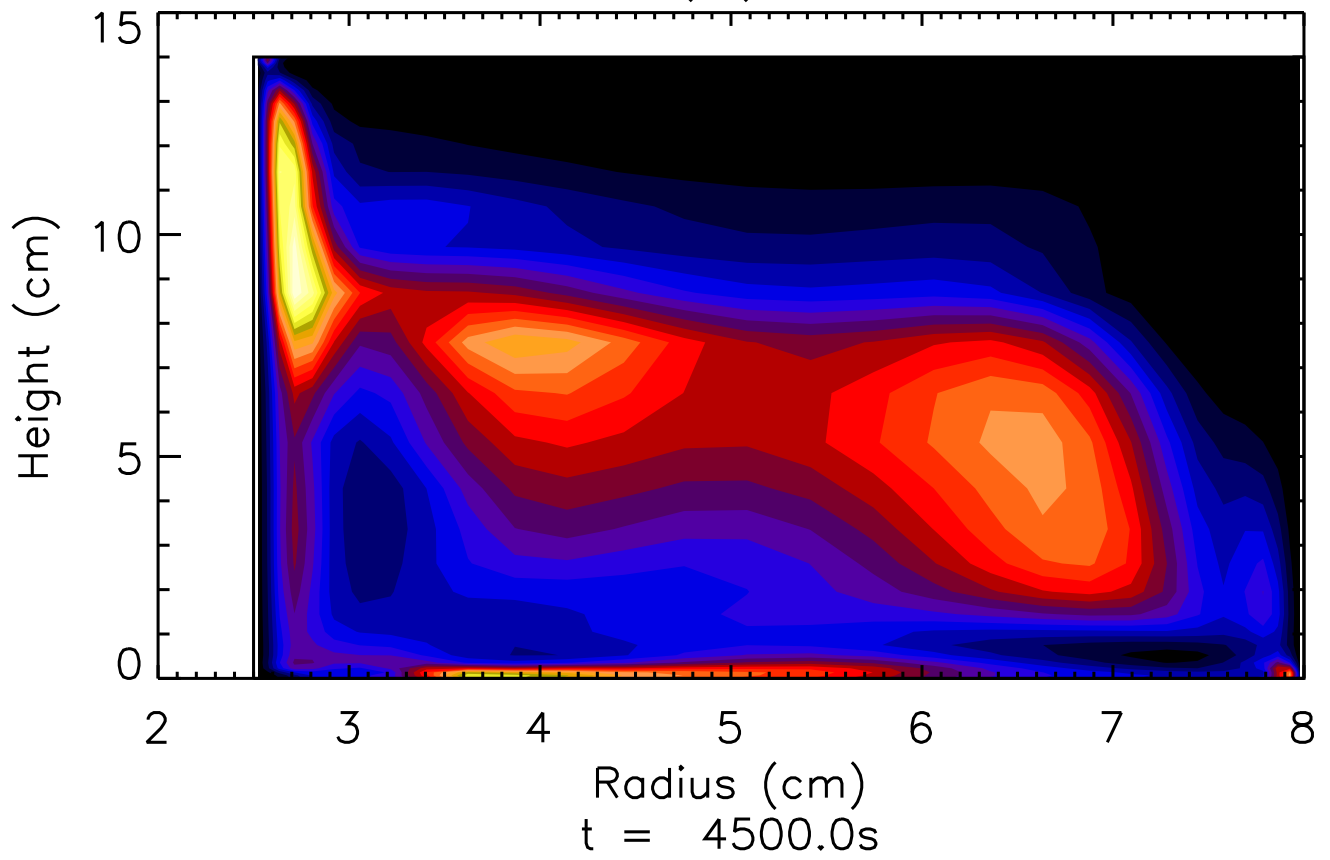
$\langle w'T' \rangle$



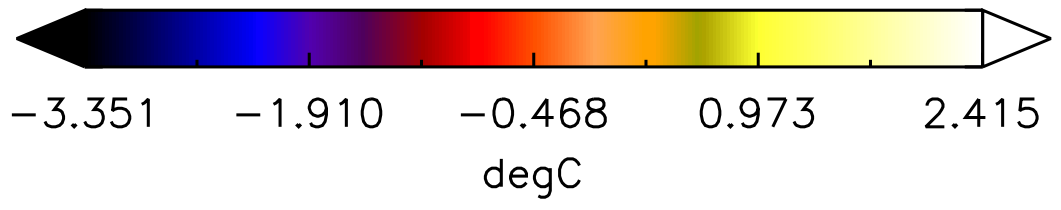
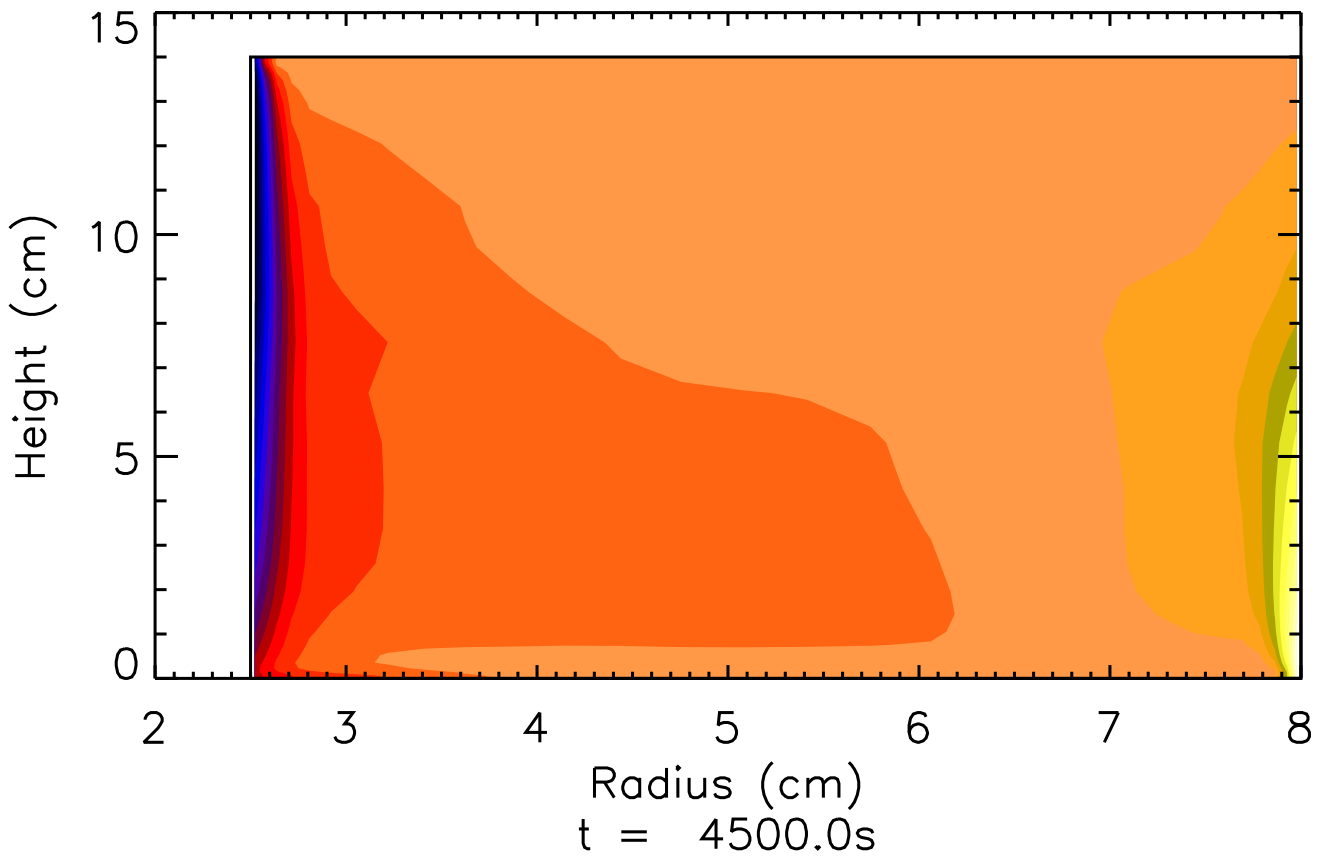
Radius (cm)
 $t = 4500.0s$



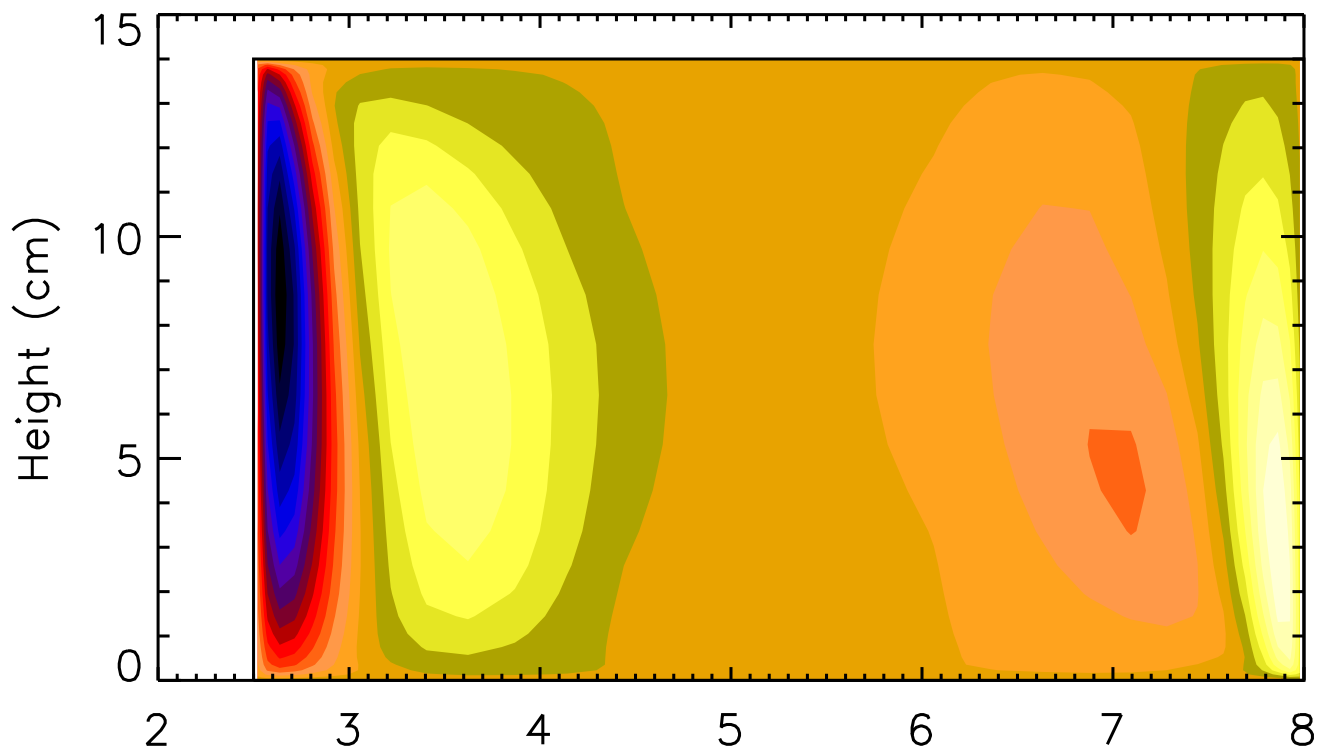
$$\langle (T')^2 \rangle$$



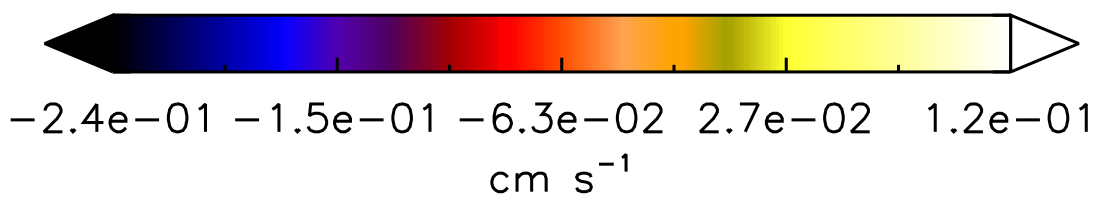
$\langle T'' \rangle$



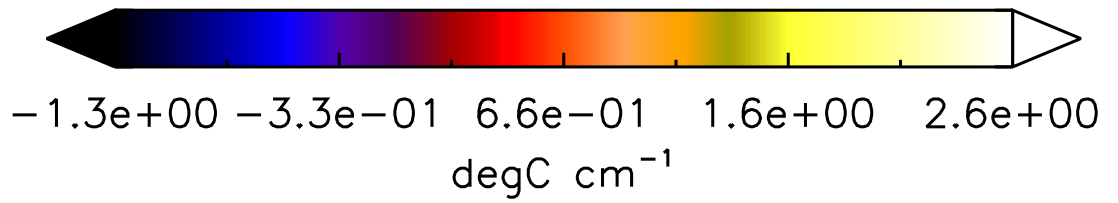
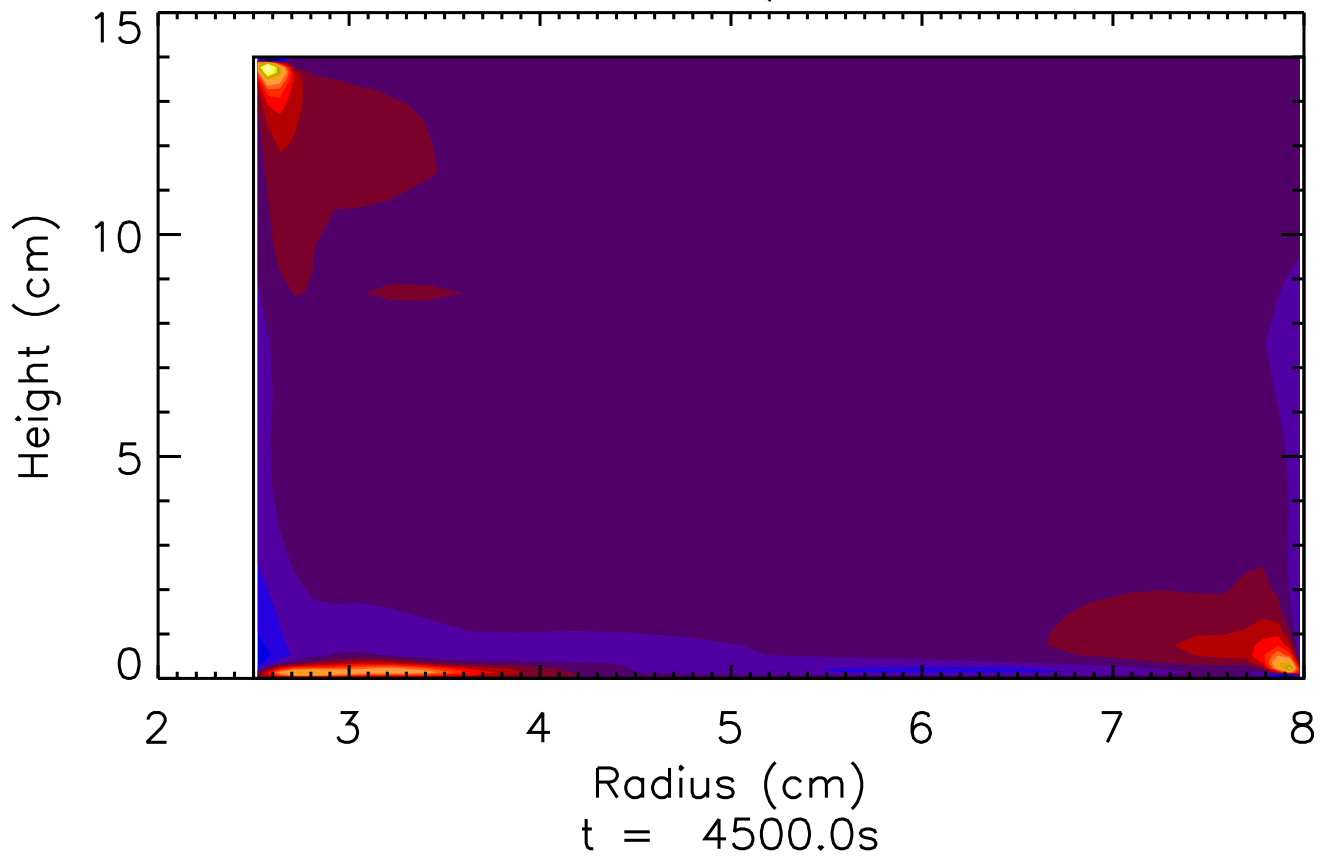
$\langle w'' \rangle$



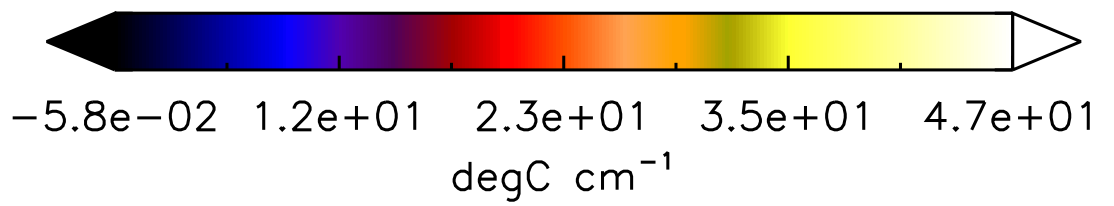
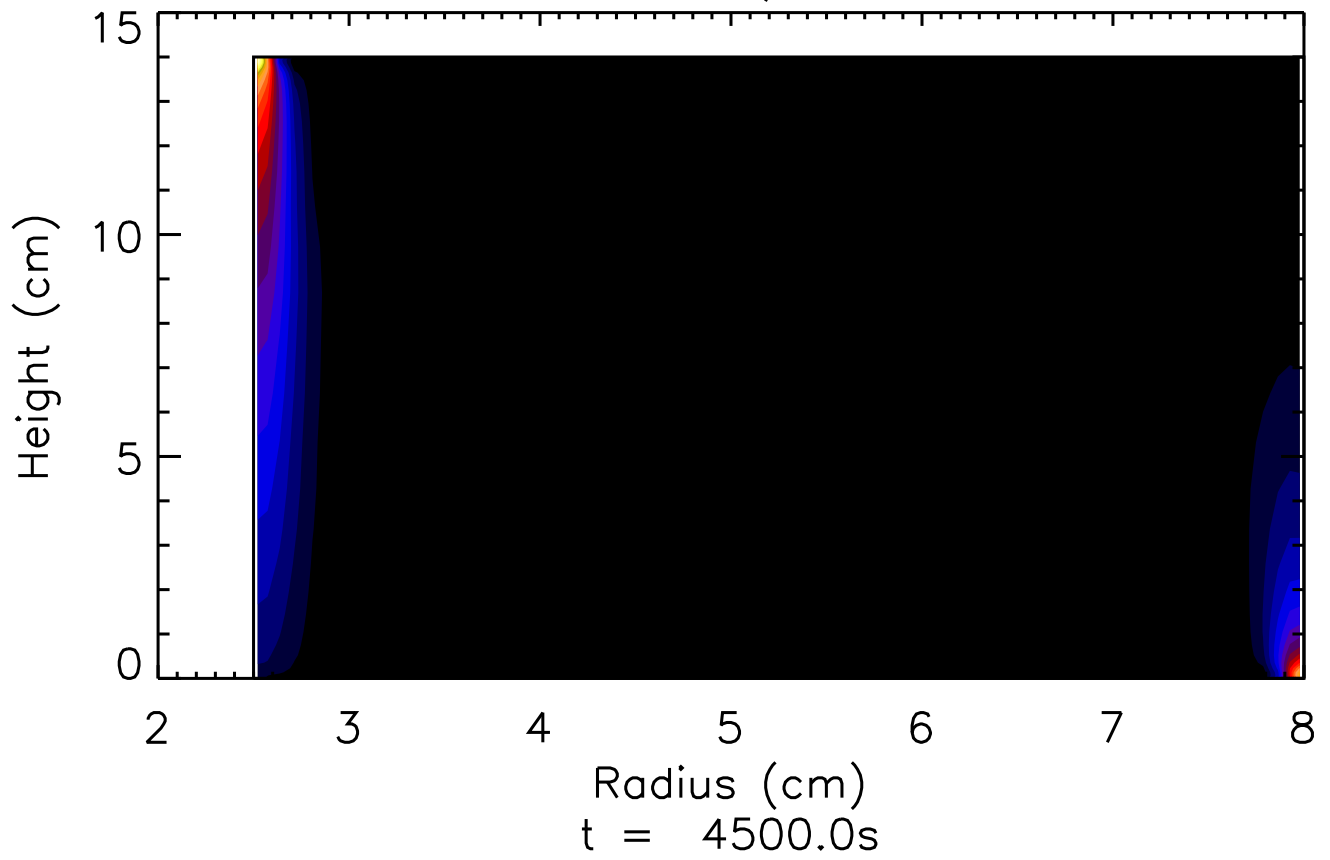
Radius (cm)
 $t = 4500.0\text{s}$



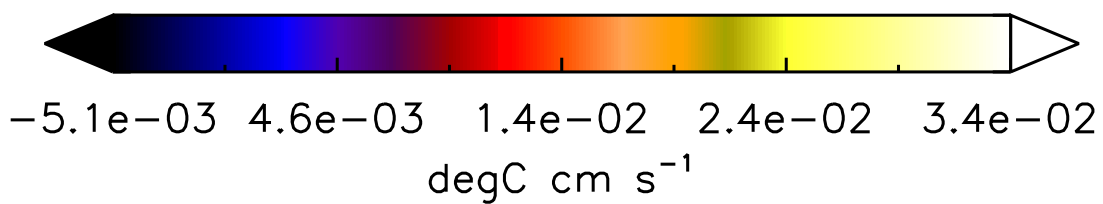
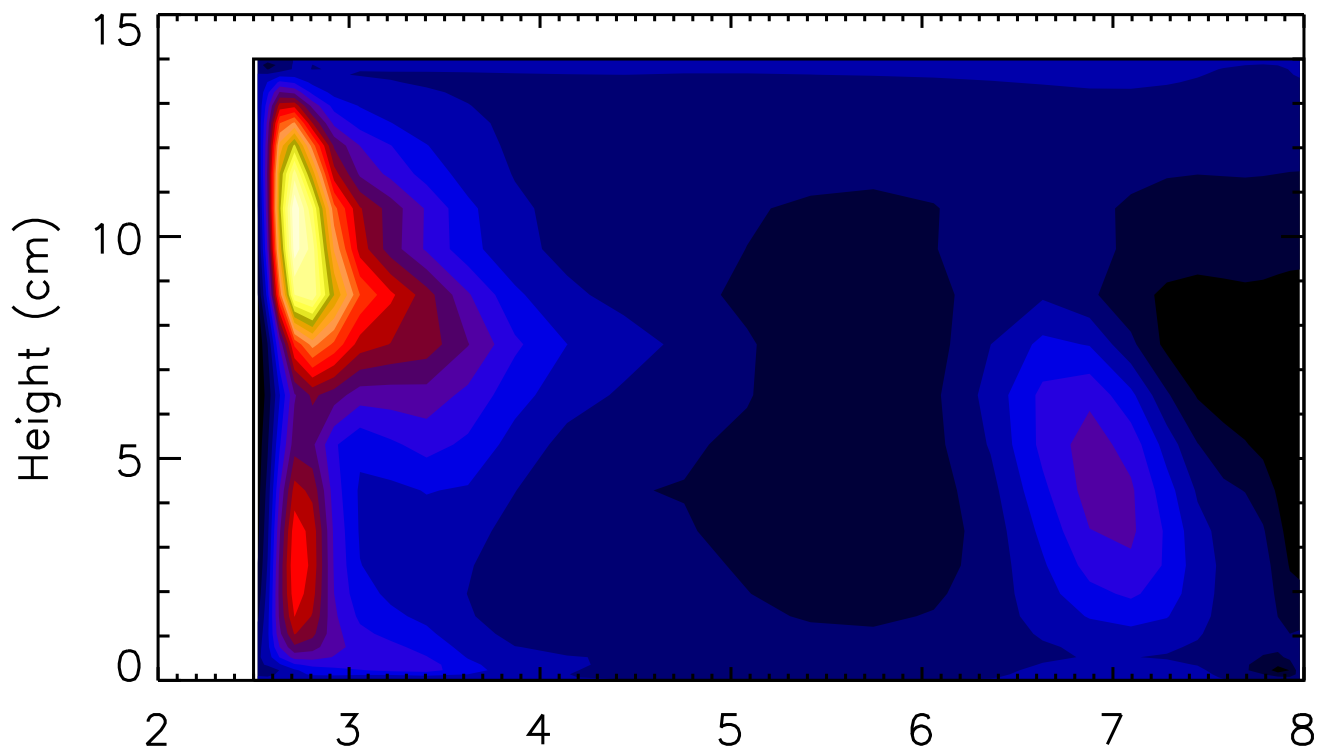
$$\partial \langle T'' \rangle / \partial z$$



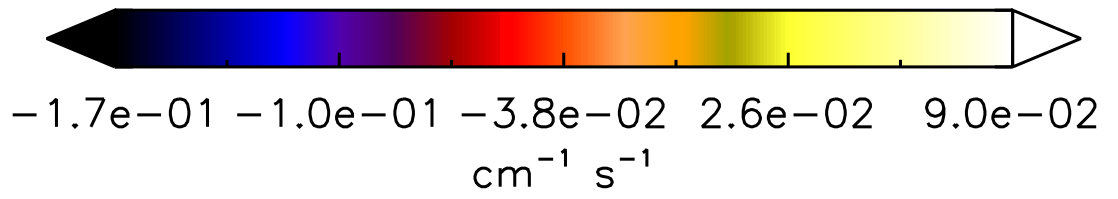
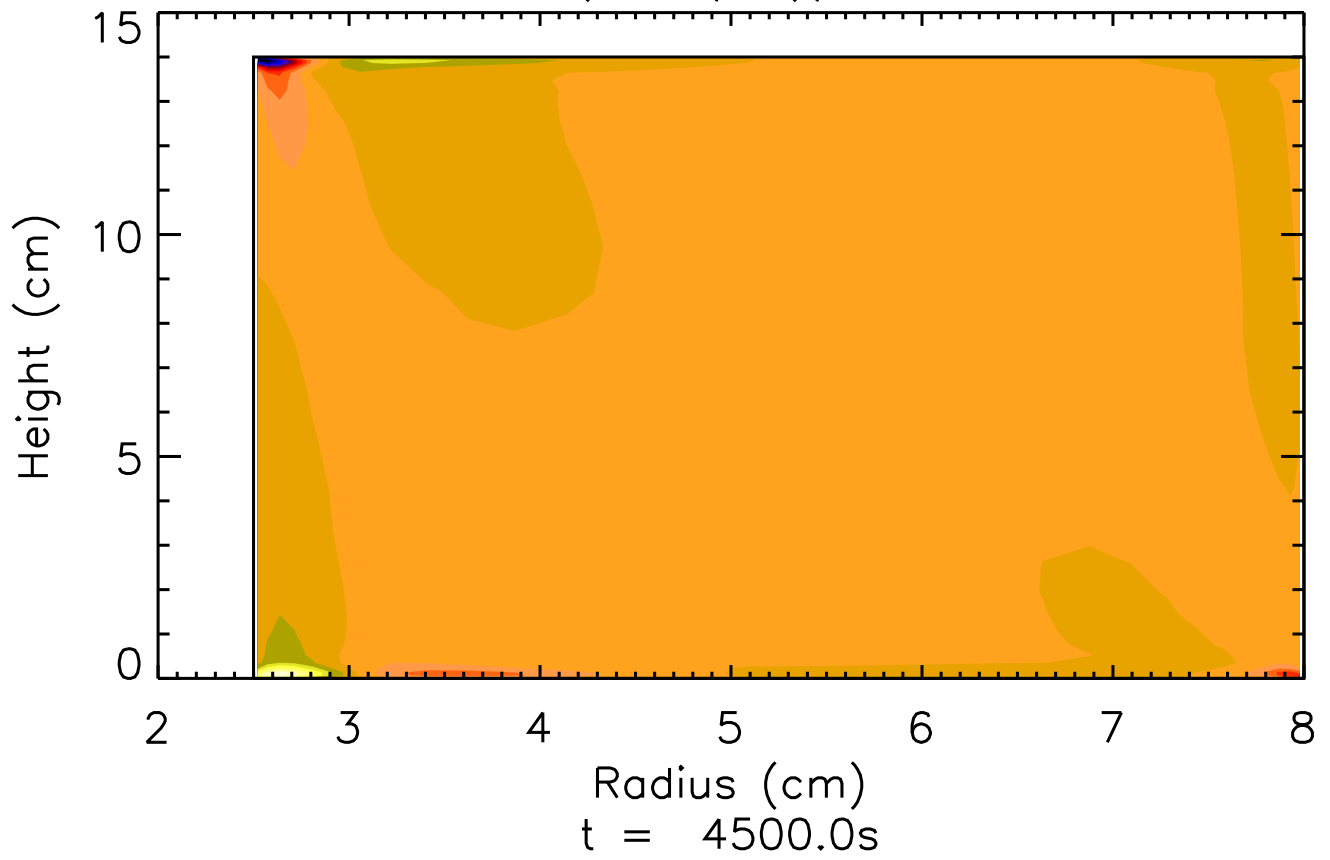
$$\partial \langle T'' \rangle / \partial R$$



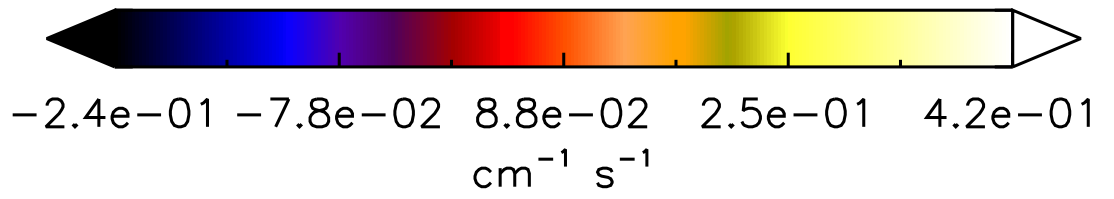
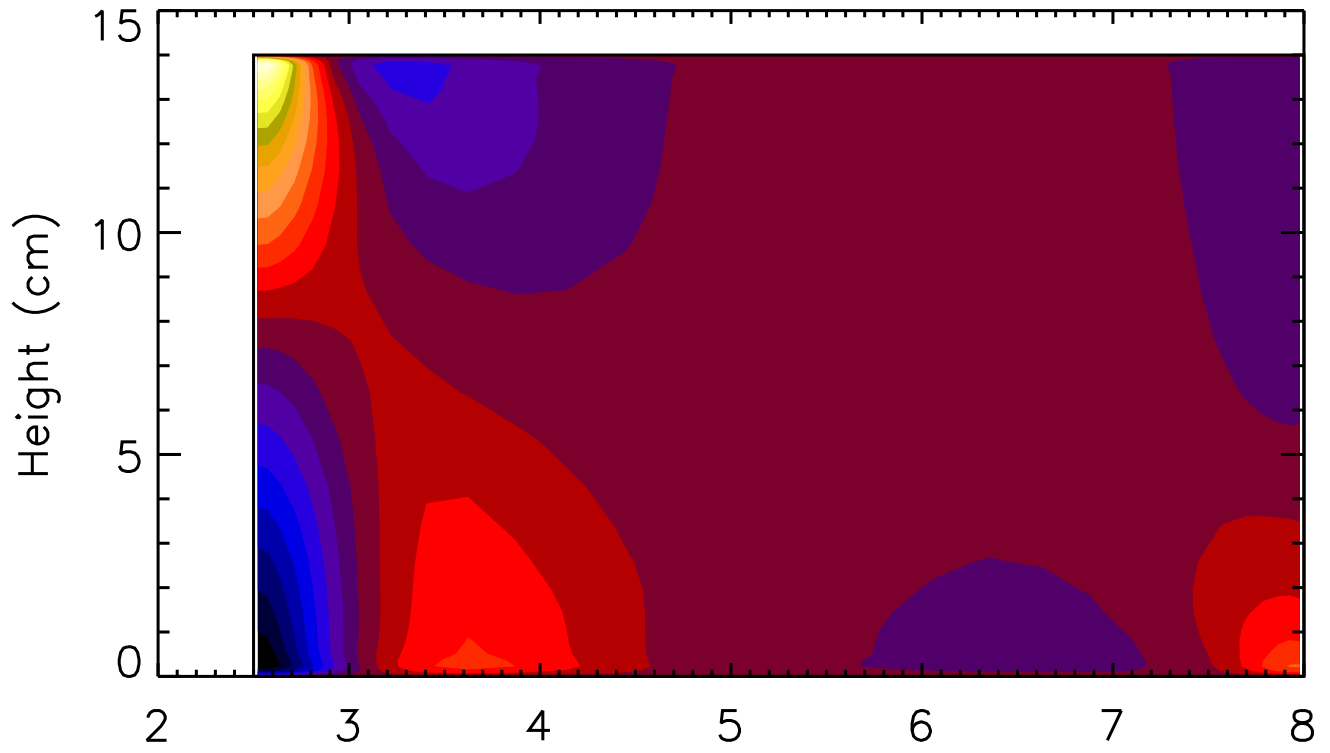
$\langle w'T' \rangle''$



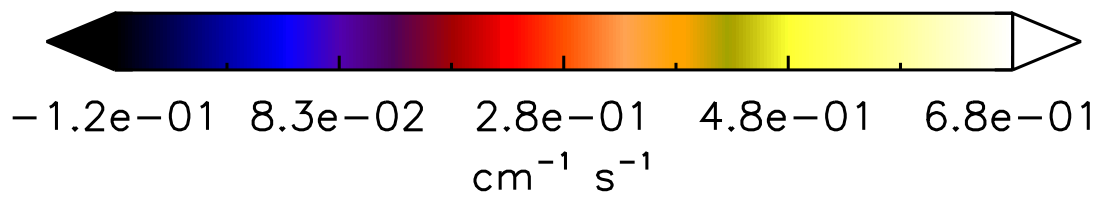
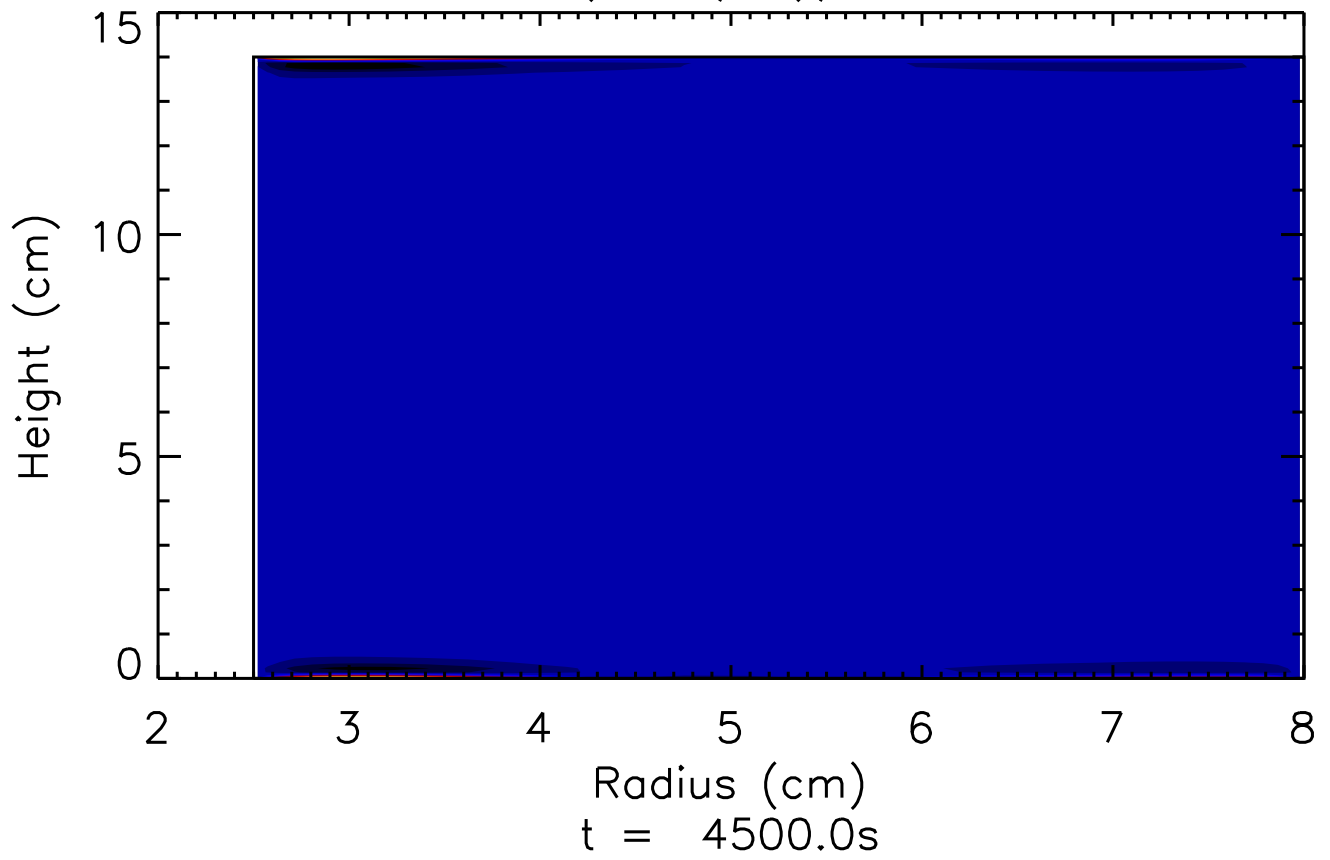
$$\partial(\langle u \rangle / R) / \partial R$$



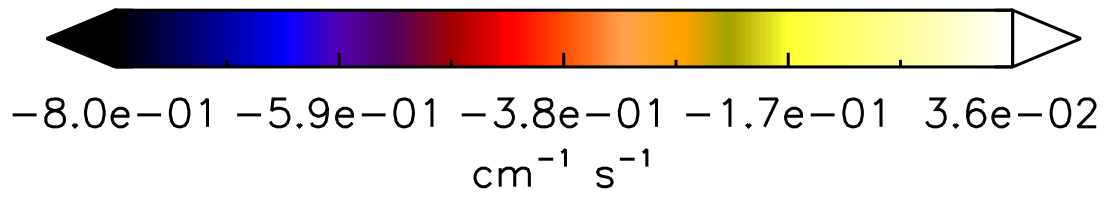
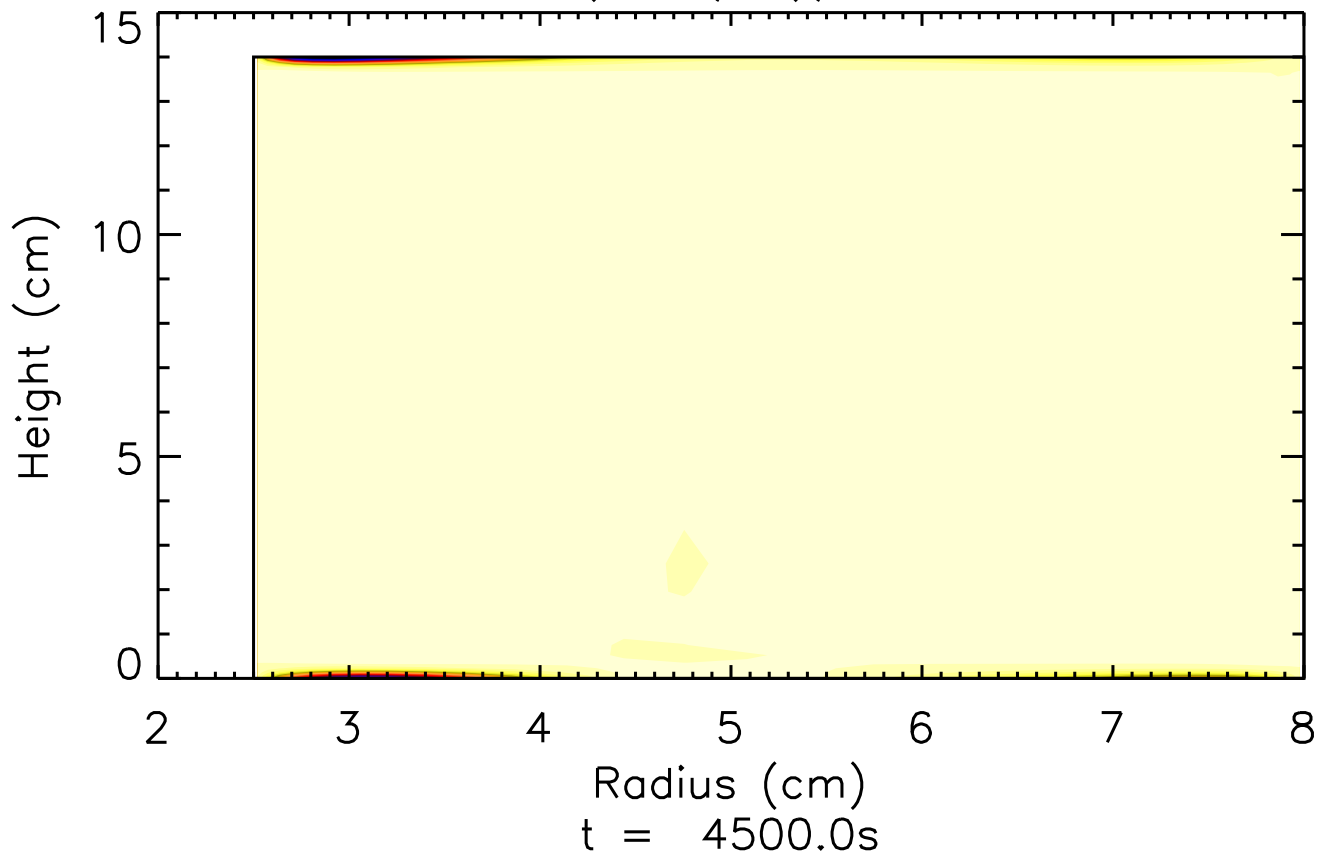
$$\partial(\langle v \rangle / R) / \partial R$$

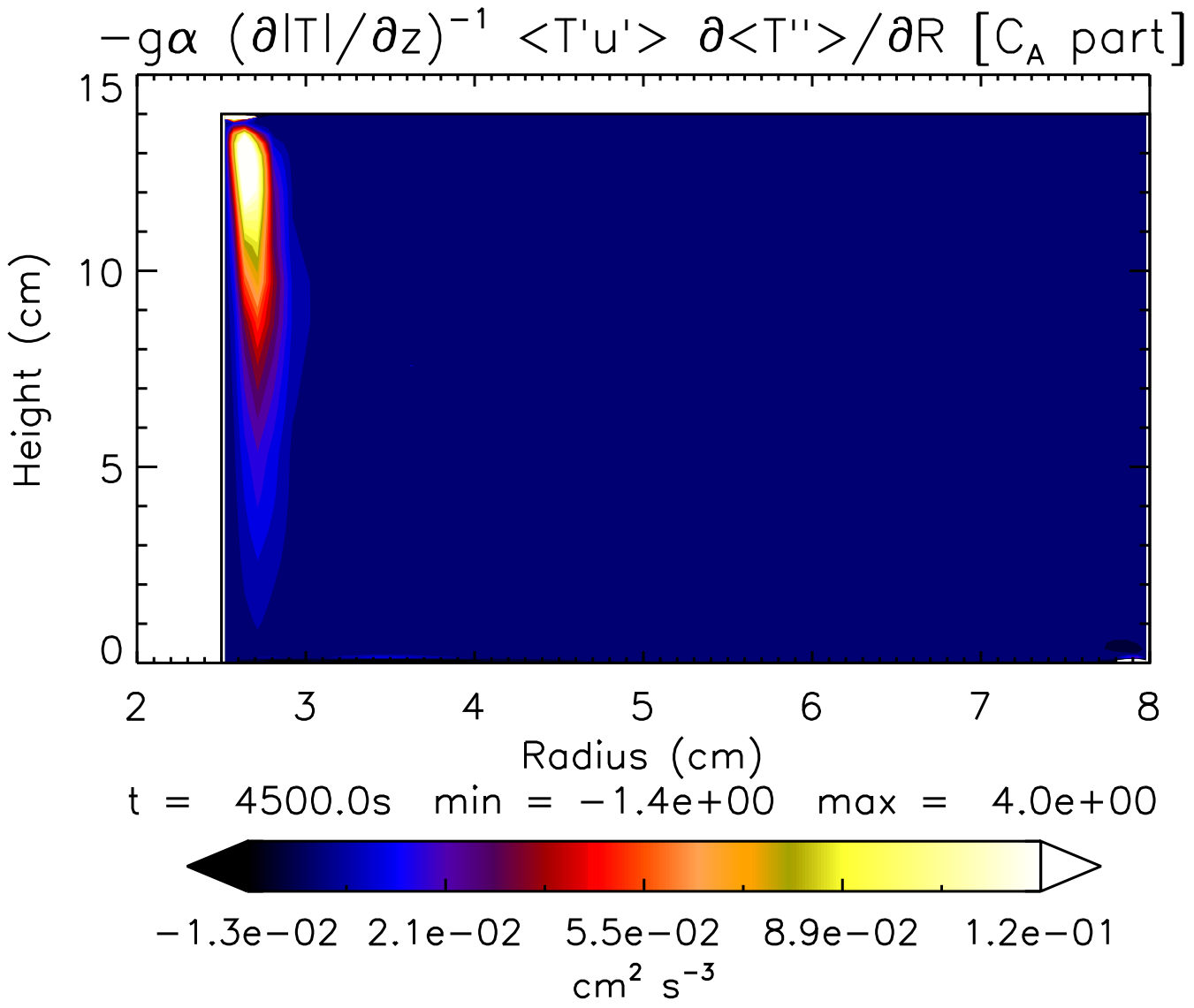


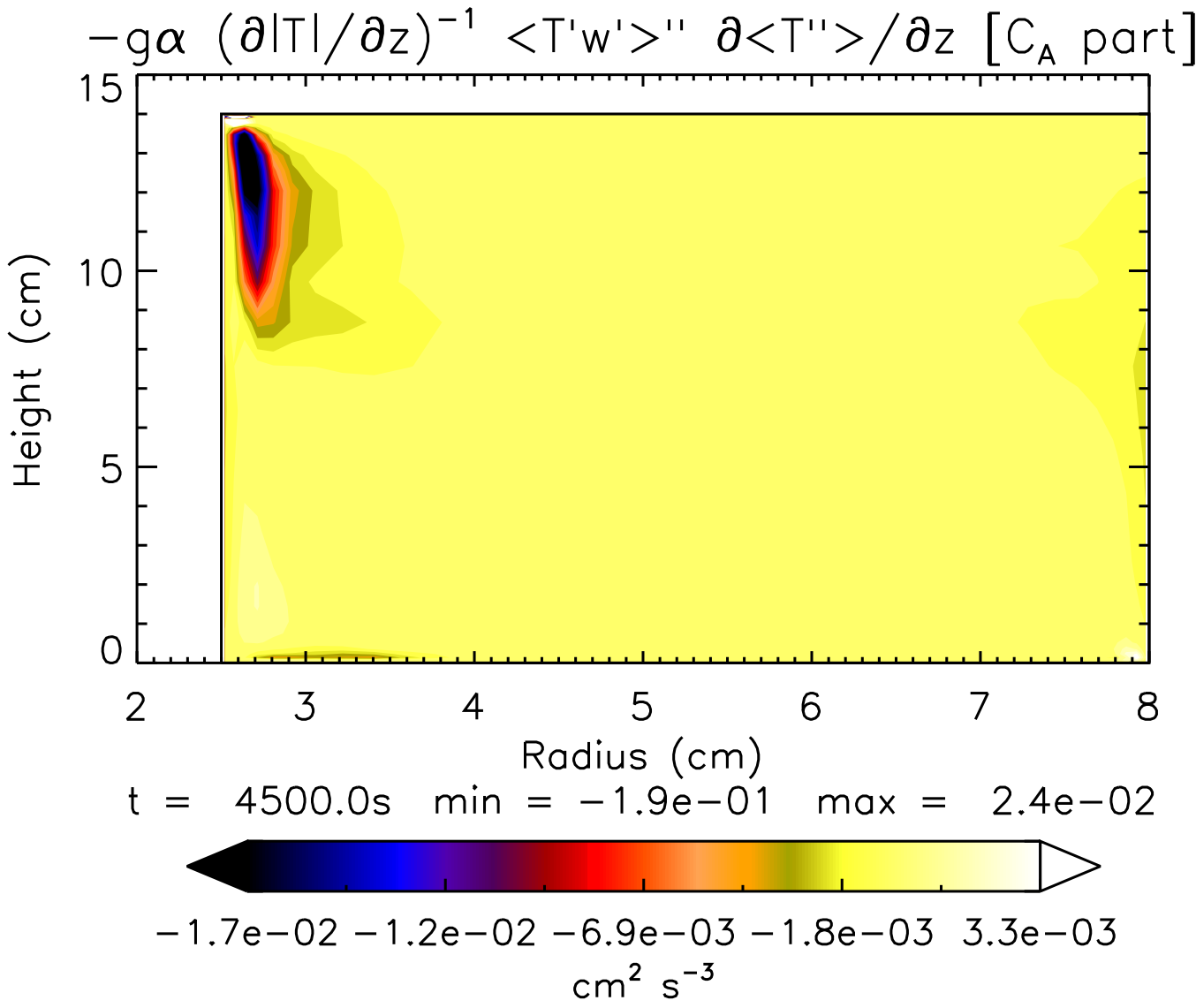
$$\partial(\langle u \rangle / R) / \partial z$$



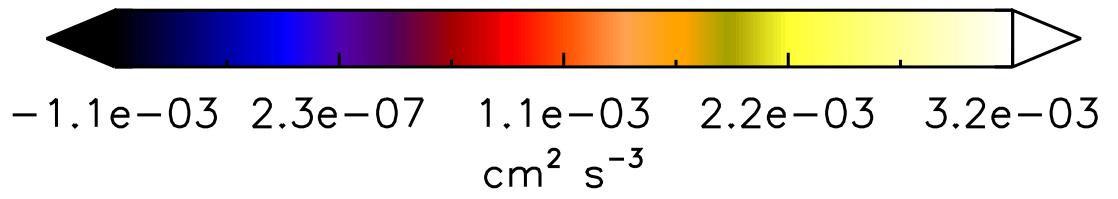
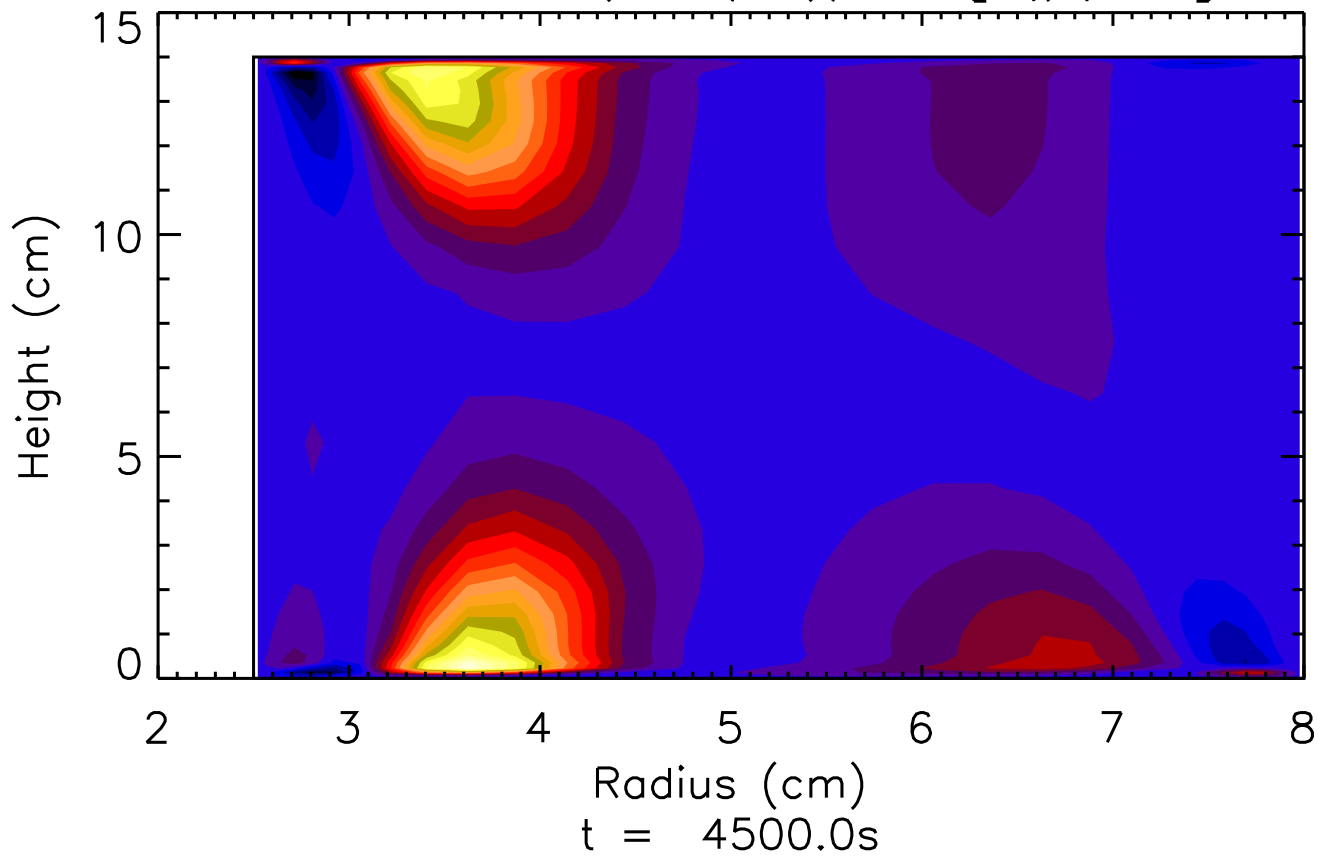
$$\partial(\langle v \rangle / R) / \partial z$$



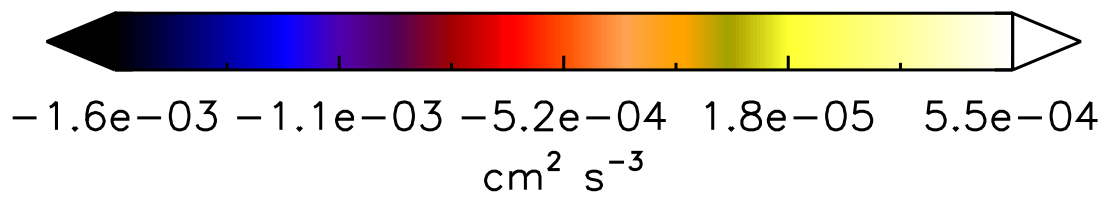
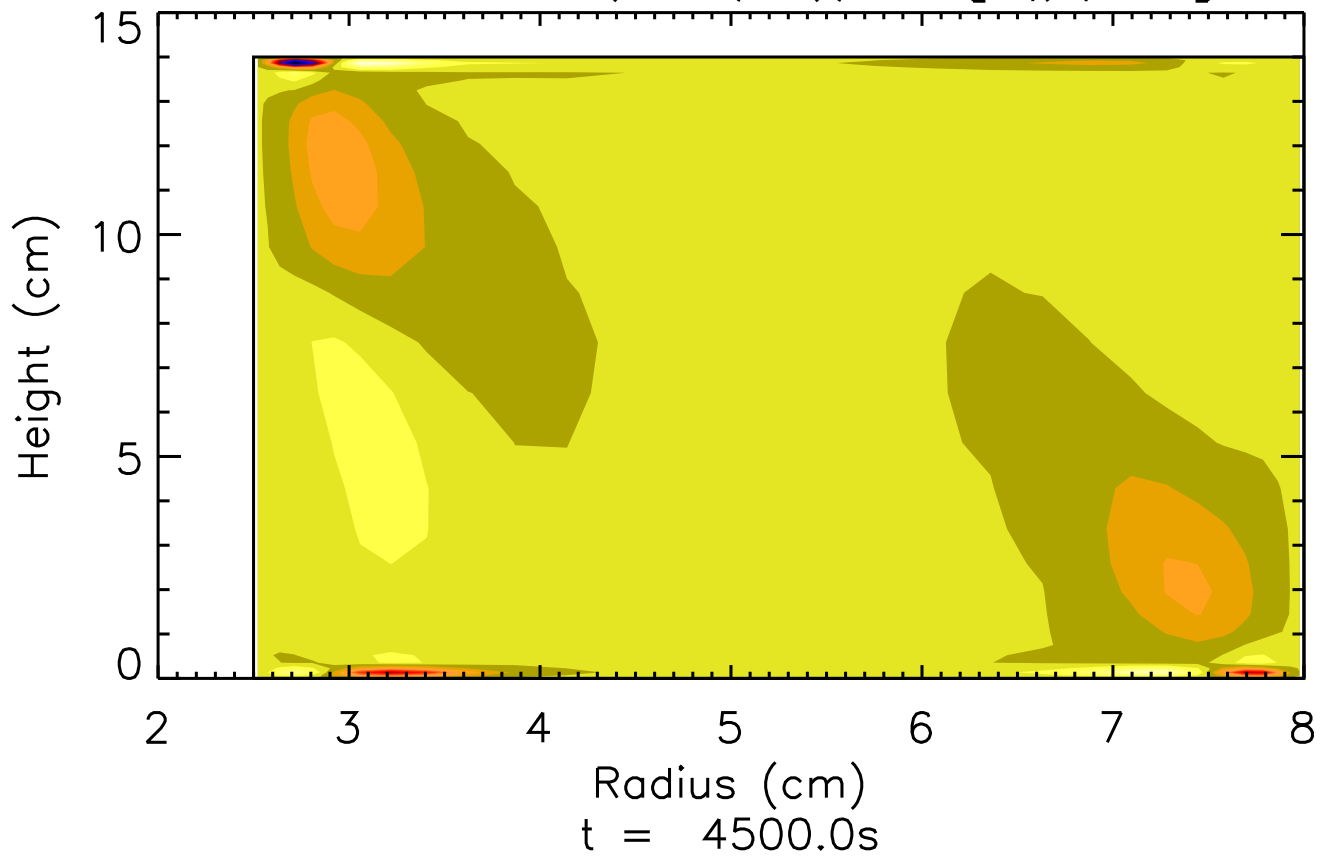




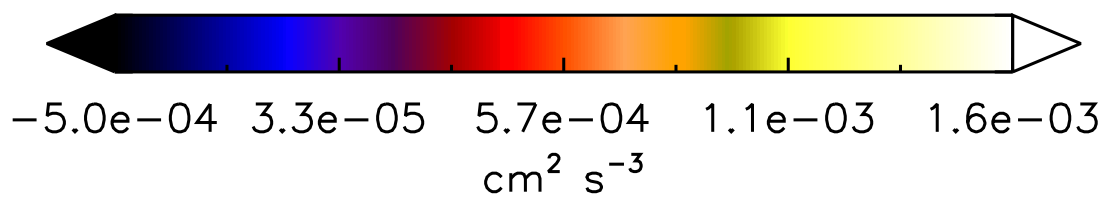
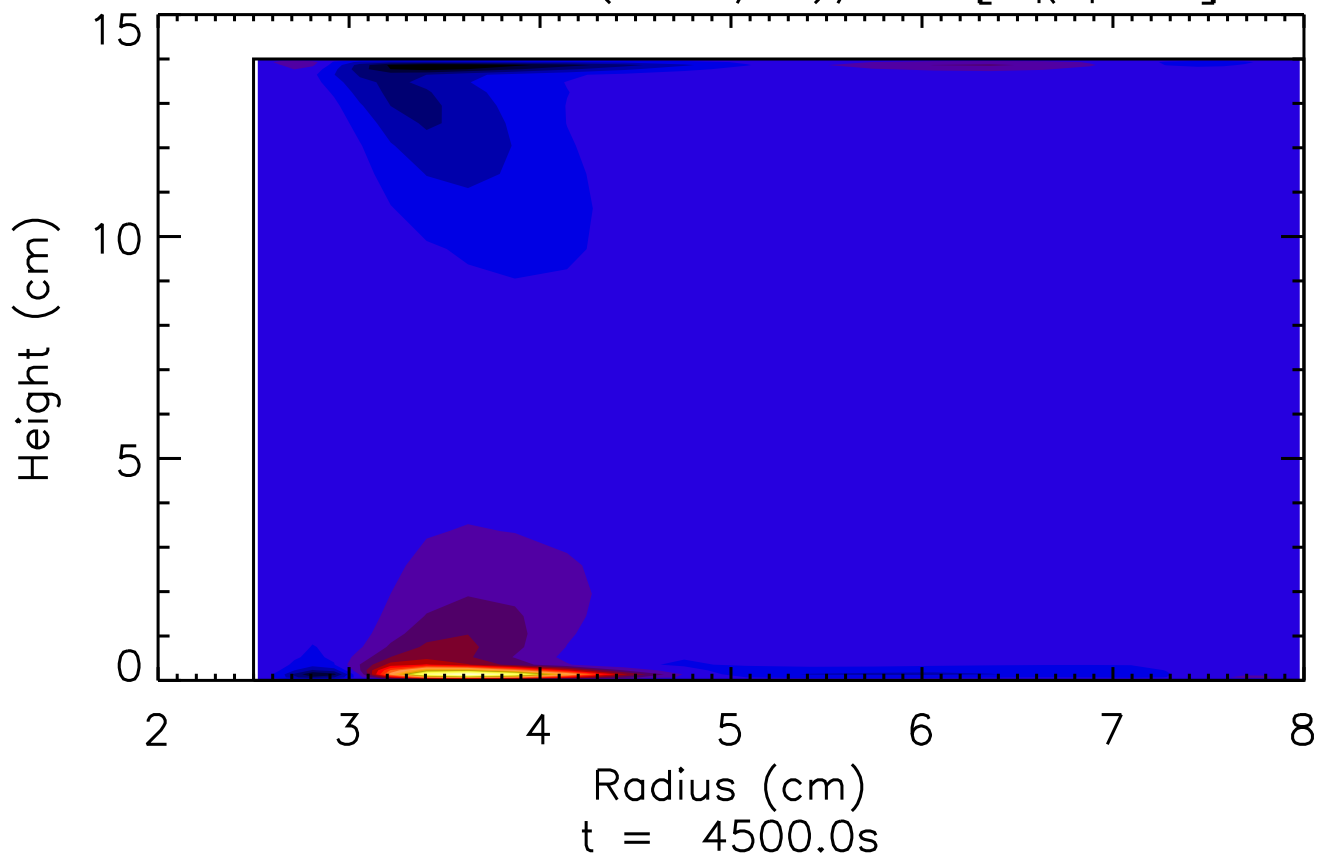
$$-R \langle u'v' \rangle \frac{\partial \langle v \rangle / R}{\partial R} [C_k \text{ part}]$$



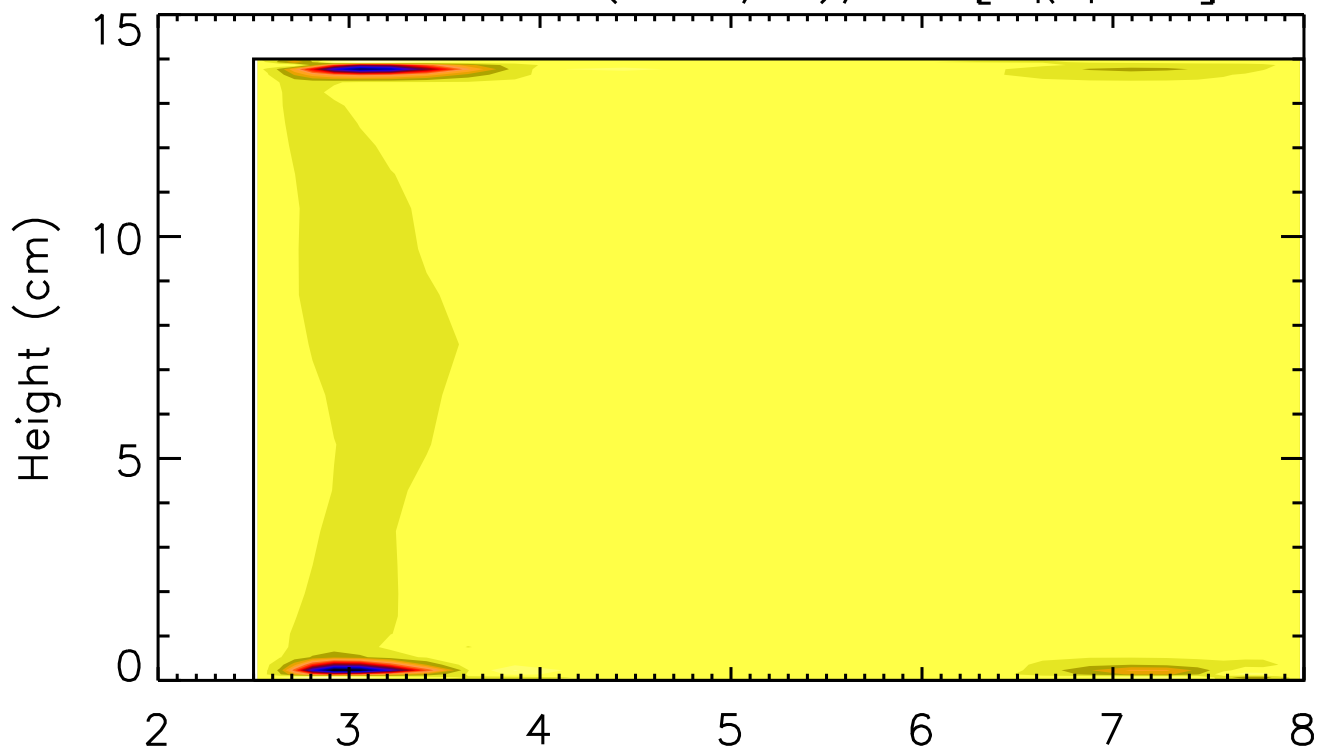
$$-R \langle v'w' \rangle \frac{\partial \langle v \rangle / R}{\partial z} [C_k \text{ part}]$$



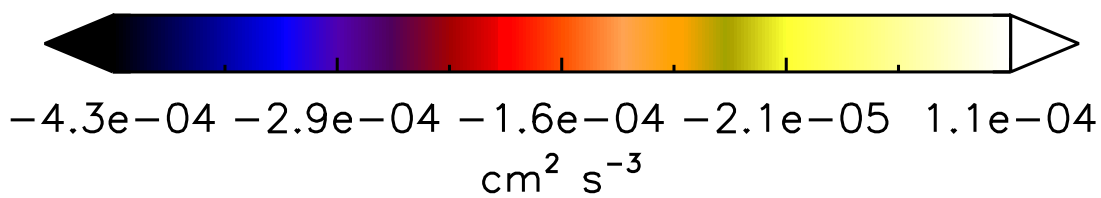
$$-R \langle u'u' \rangle \frac{\partial \langle u \rangle / R}{\partial R} [C_k \text{ part}]$$

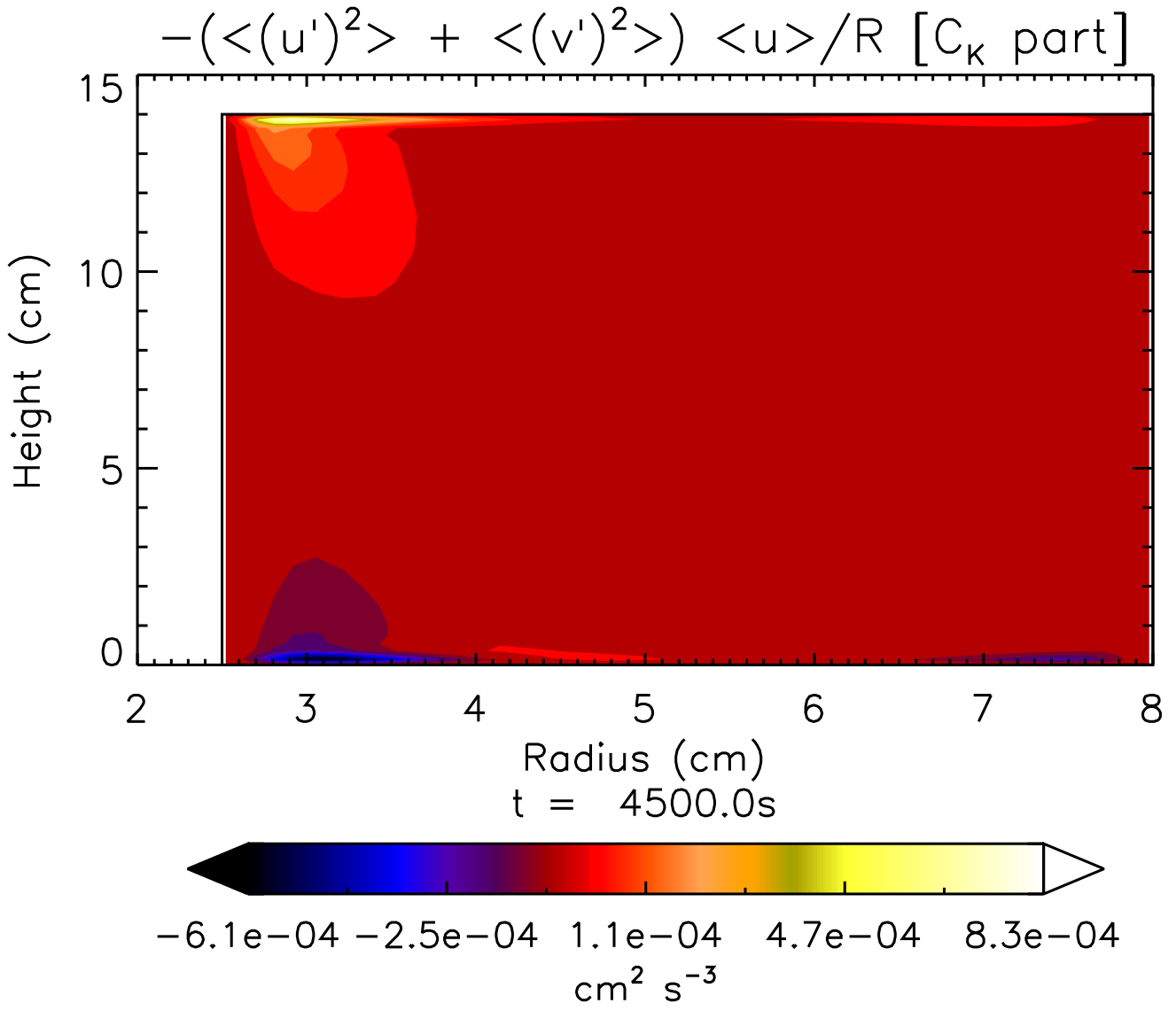


$-R \langle u'w' \rangle \partial(\langle u \rangle / R) / \partial z$ [C_k part]

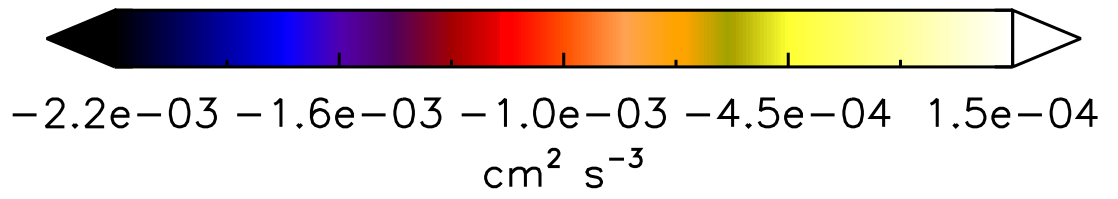
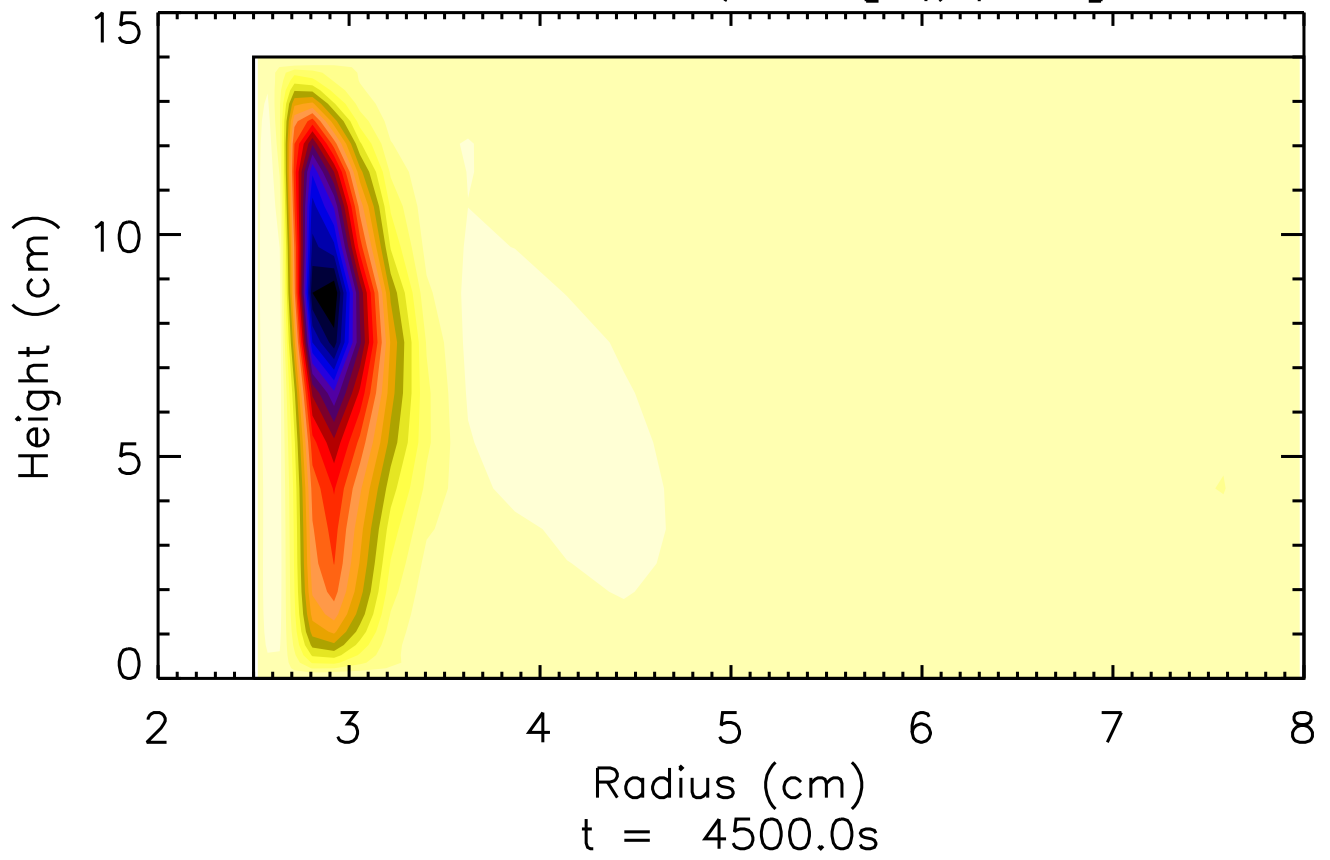


Radius (cm)
 $t = 4500.0s$

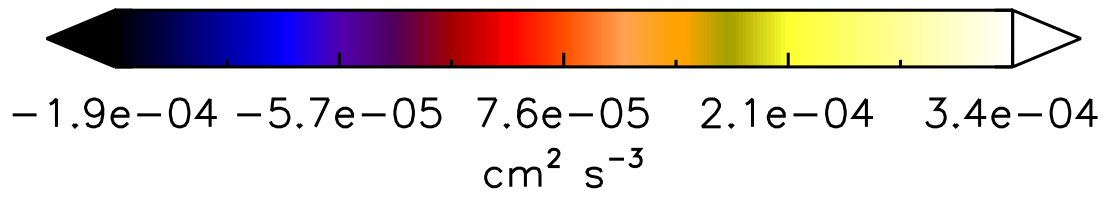
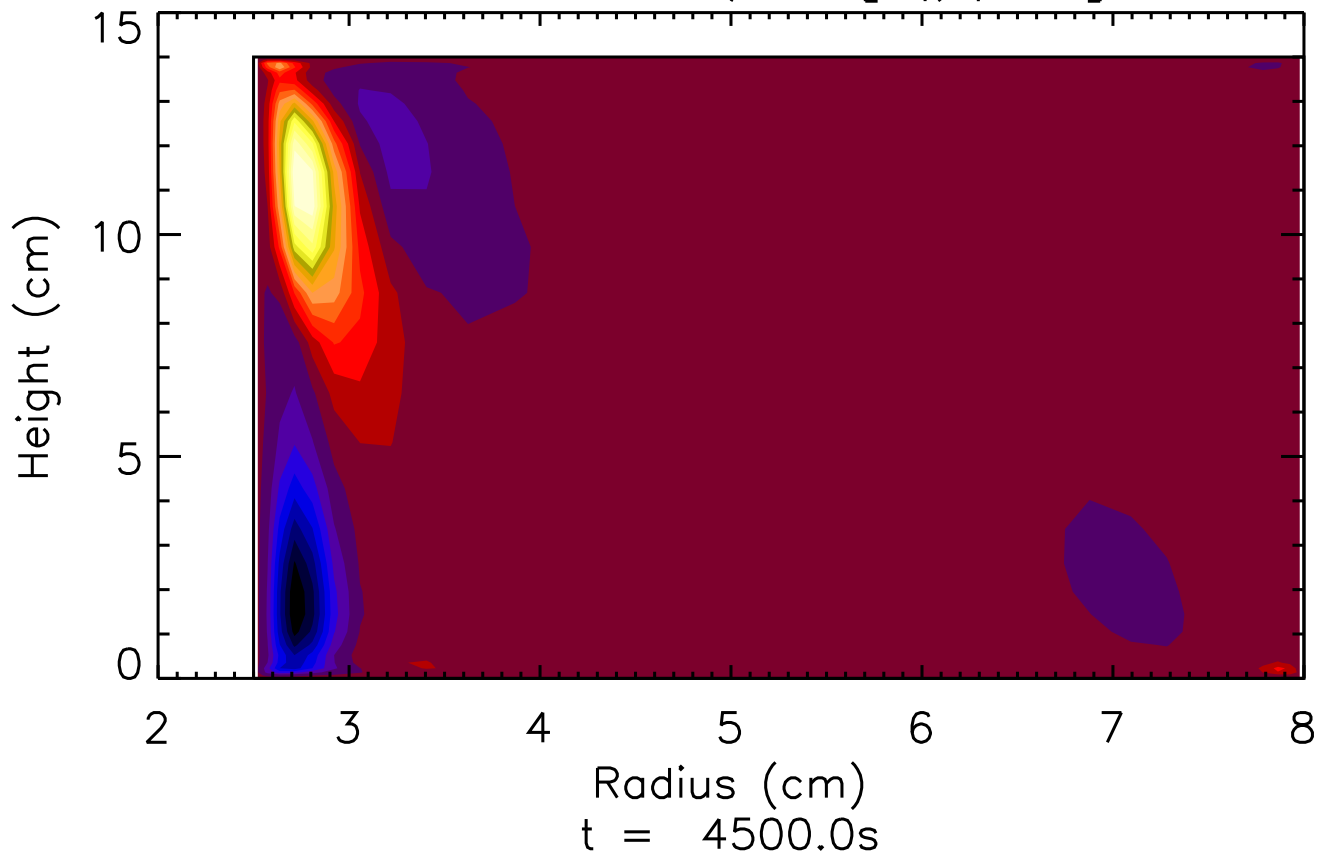




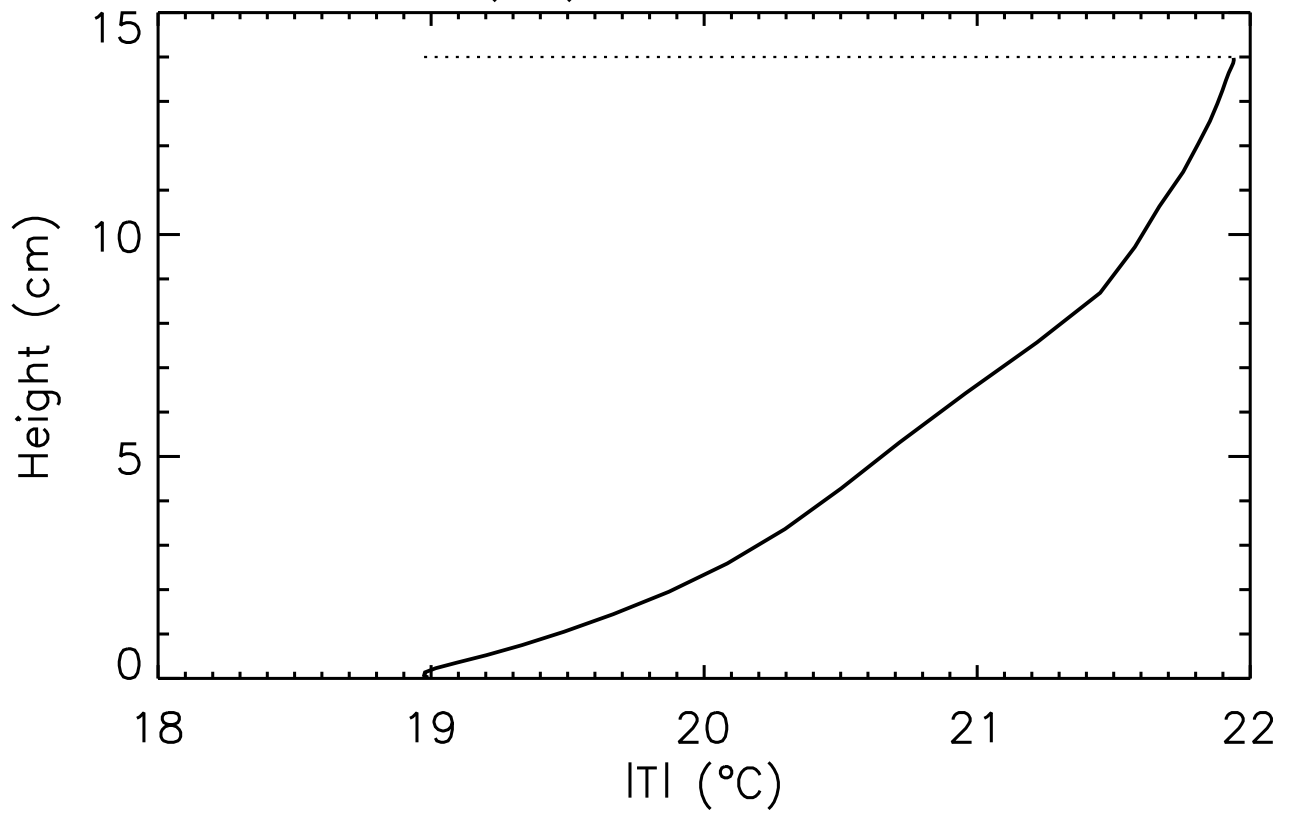
$\langle u'w' \rangle \partial \langle w \rangle / \partial R$ [C_k part]



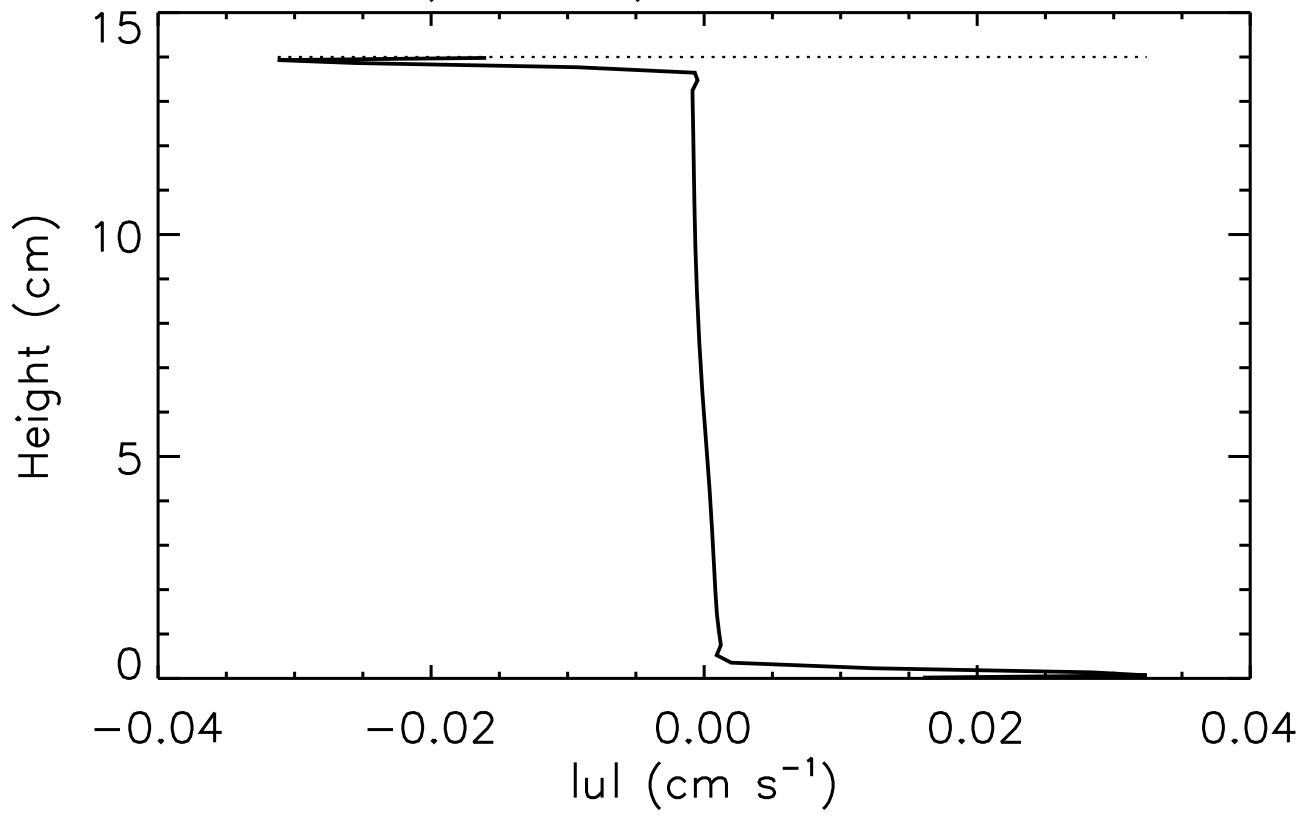
$\langle w'w' \rangle \partial \langle w \rangle / \partial z$ [C_K part]



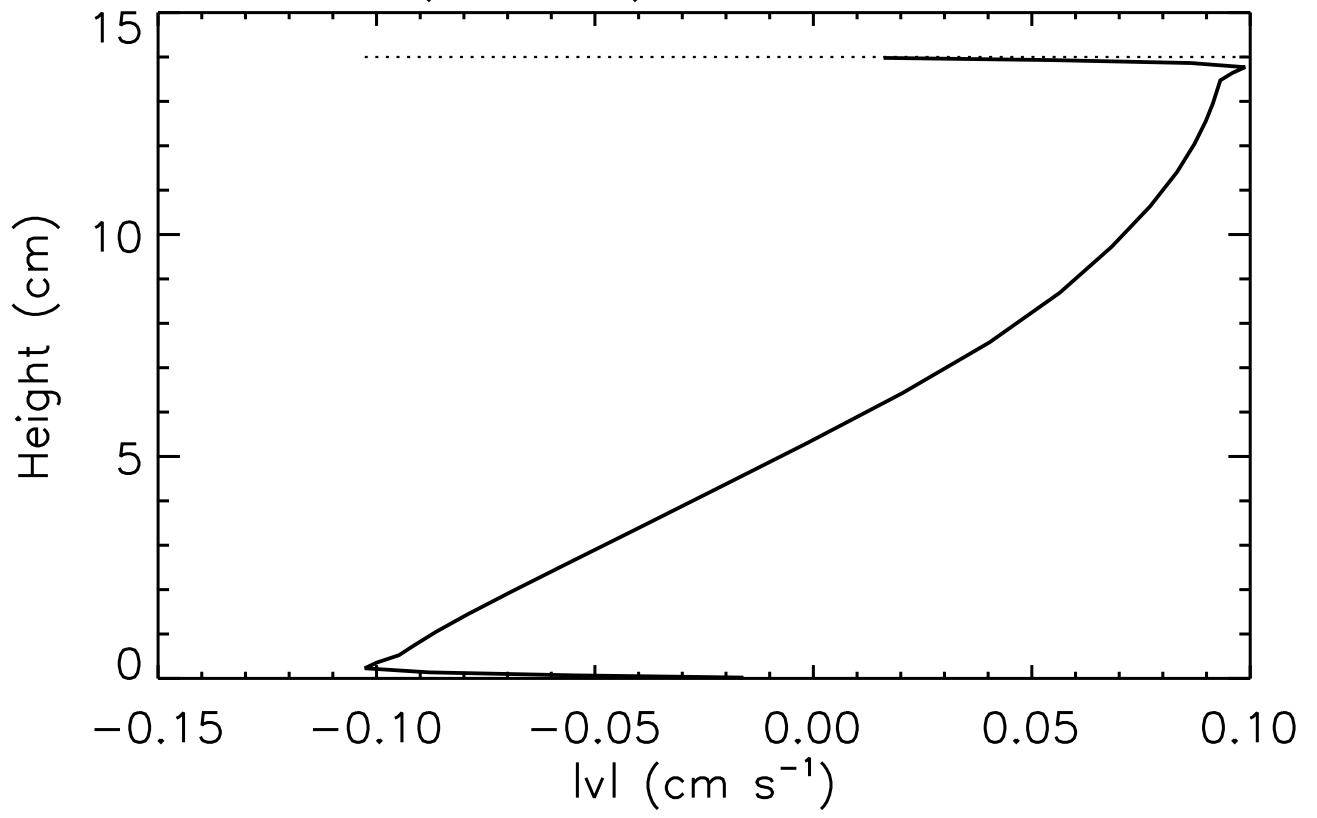
ITI (°C) t = 4500.0s



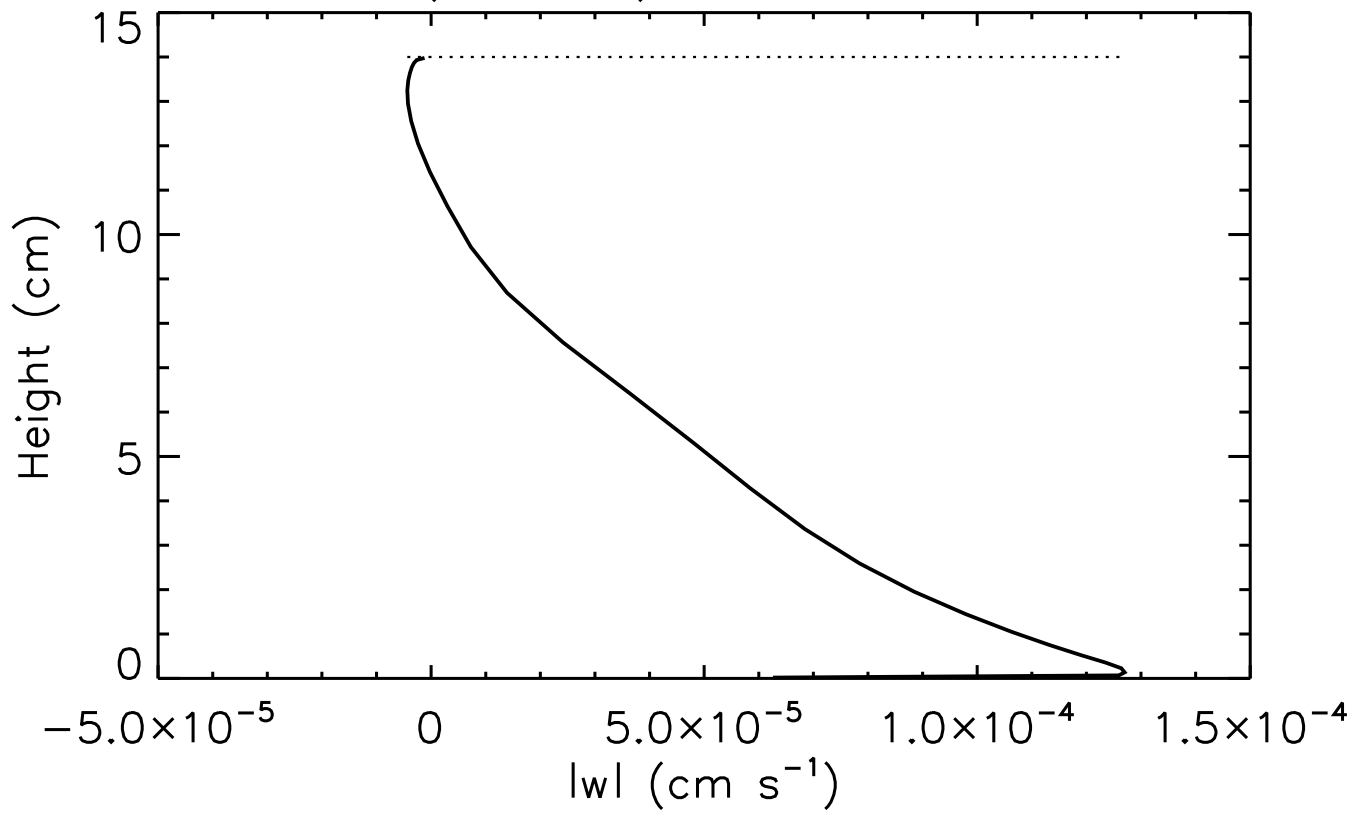
$|\text{ul}| \text{ (cm s}^{-1}\text{)} \quad t = 4500.0\text{s}$



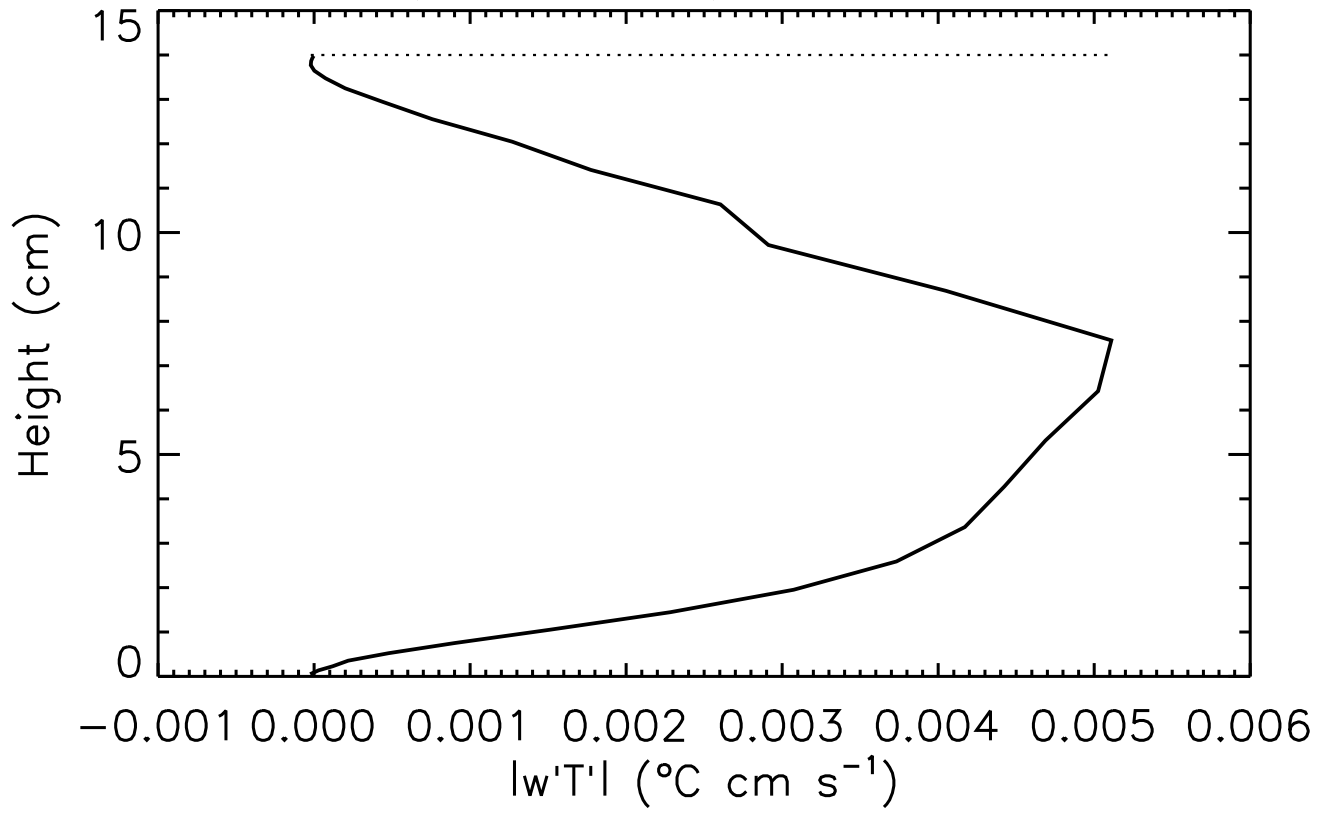
$|\nu|$ (cm s^{-1}) $t = 4500.0\text{s}$



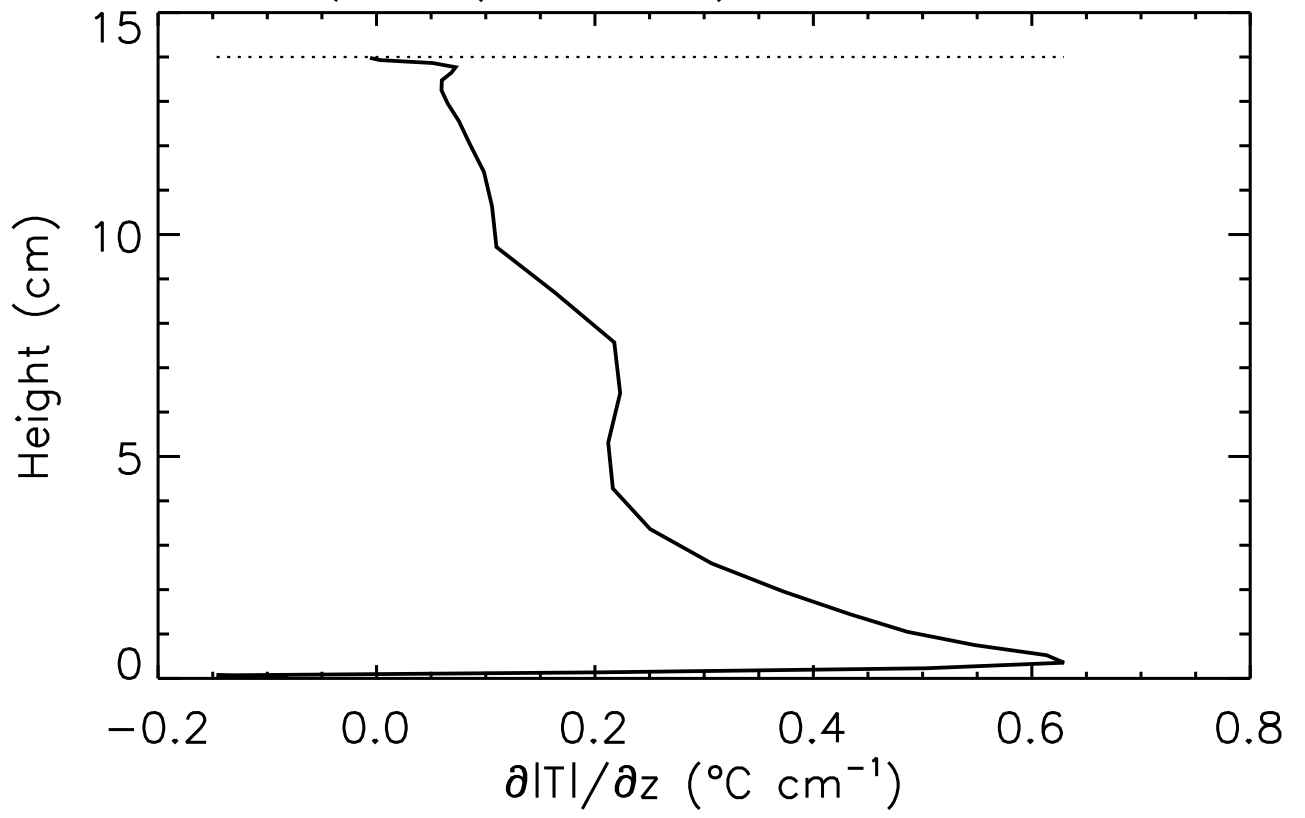
lw (cm s^{-1}) $t = 4500.0\text{s}$

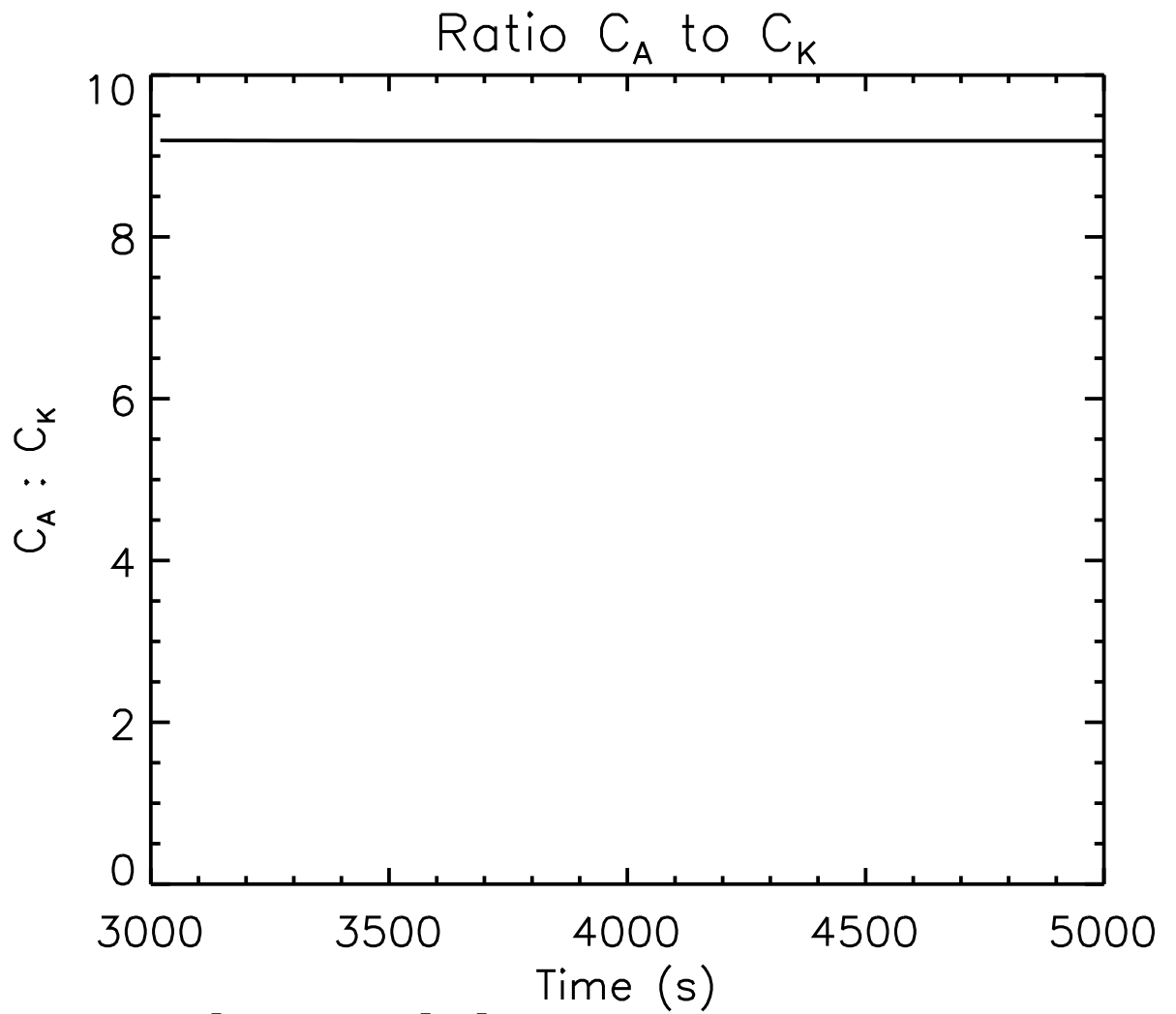


$|w'T'|$ ($^{\circ}\text{C cm s}^{-1}$) $t = 4500.0\text{s}$



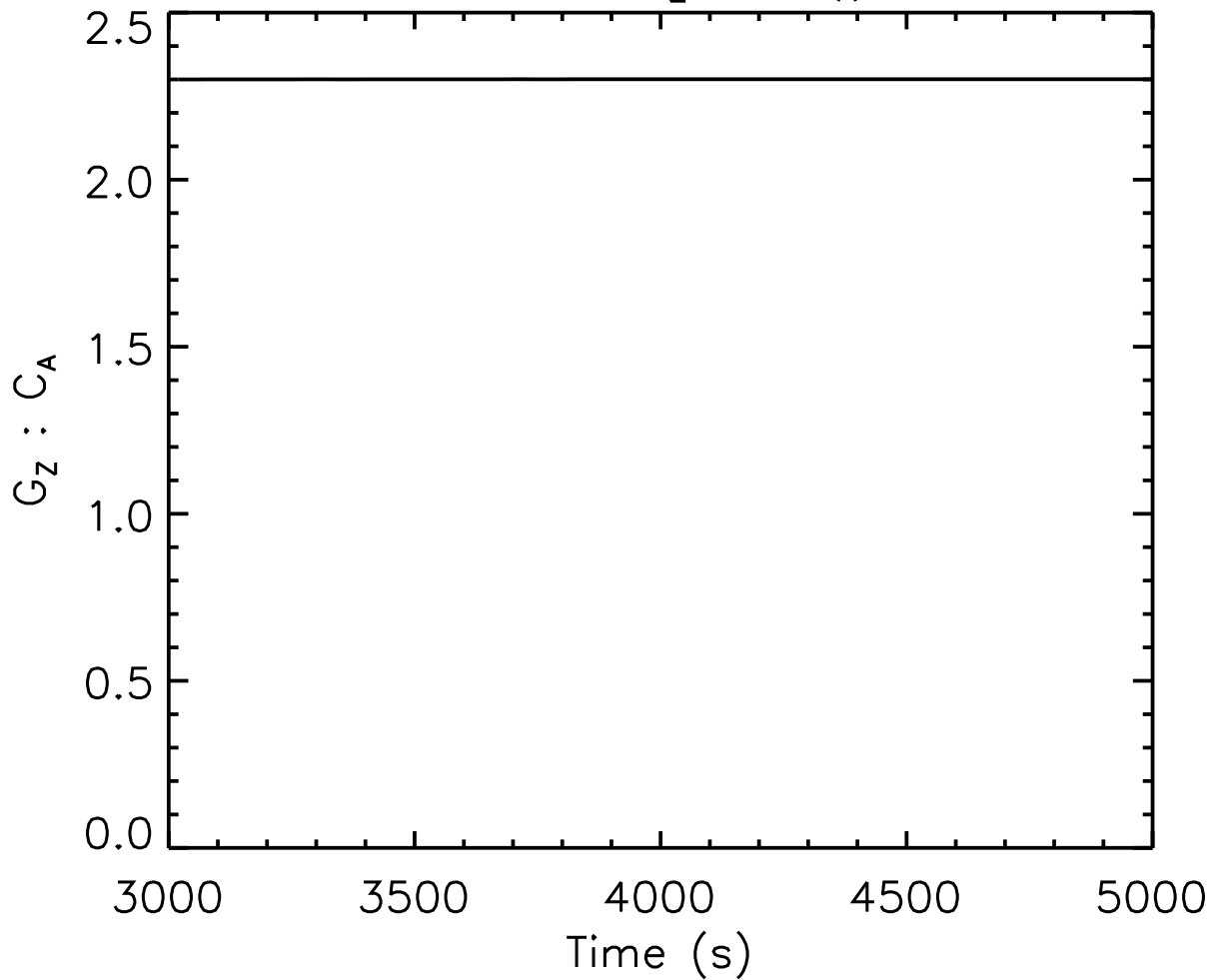
$\partial|T|/\partial z$ ($^{\circ}\text{C cm}^{-1}$) $t = 4500.0\text{s}$





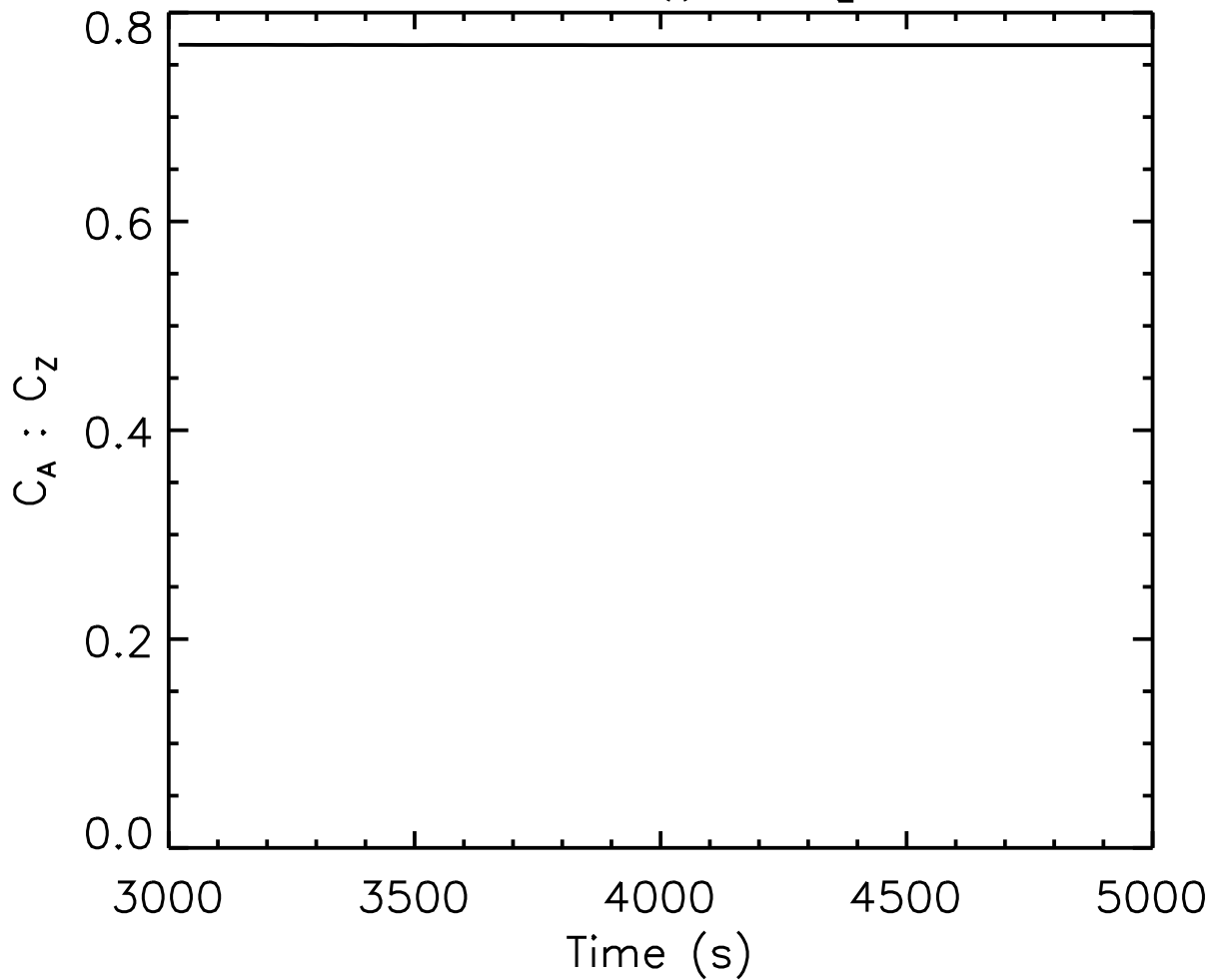
Percentiles [25,50,75]=[9.19e+00, 9.19e+00, 9.19e+00]

Ratio G_Z to C_A



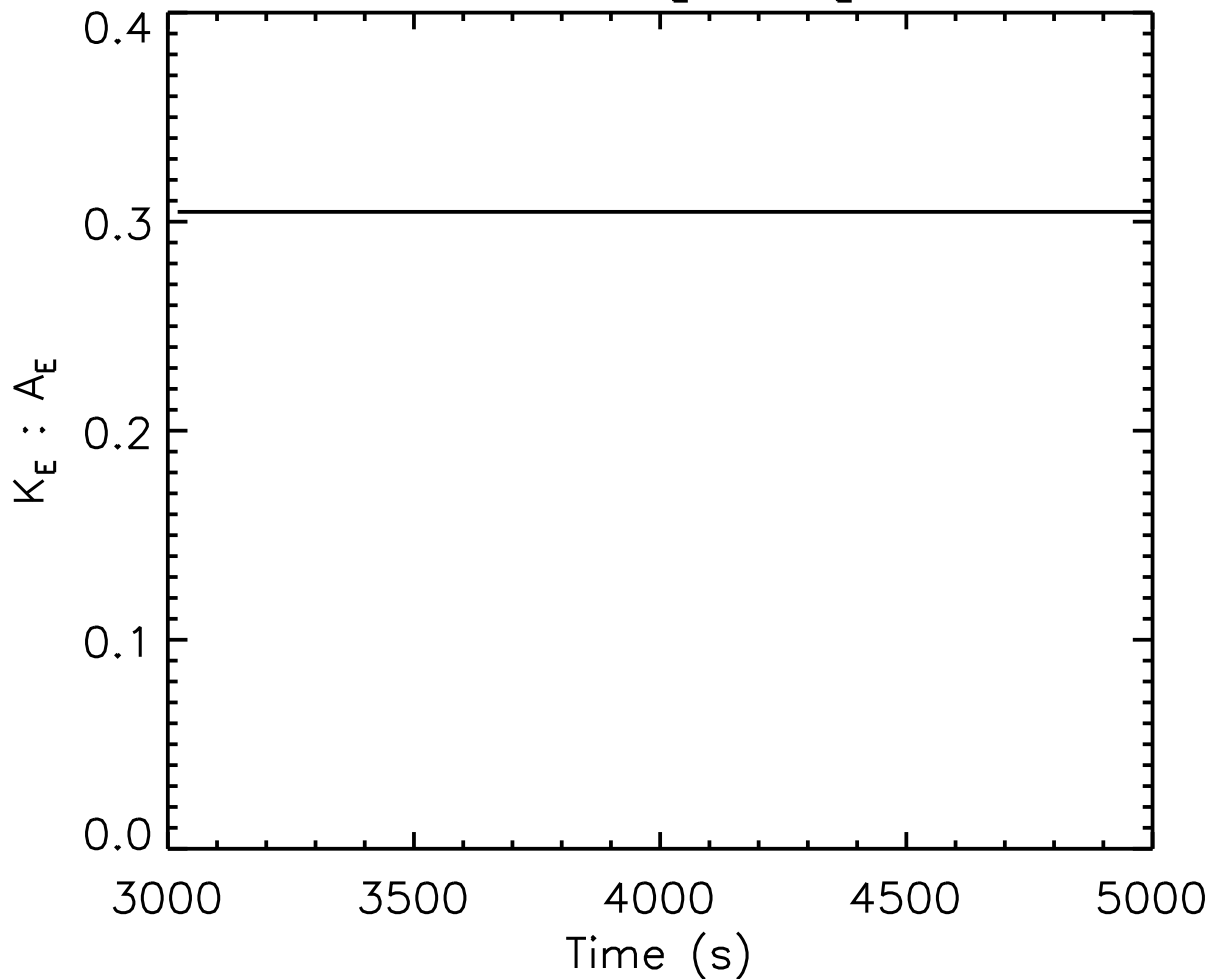
Percentiles [25,50,75]=[2.30e+00, 2.30e+00, 2.30e+00]

Ratio C_A to C_Z



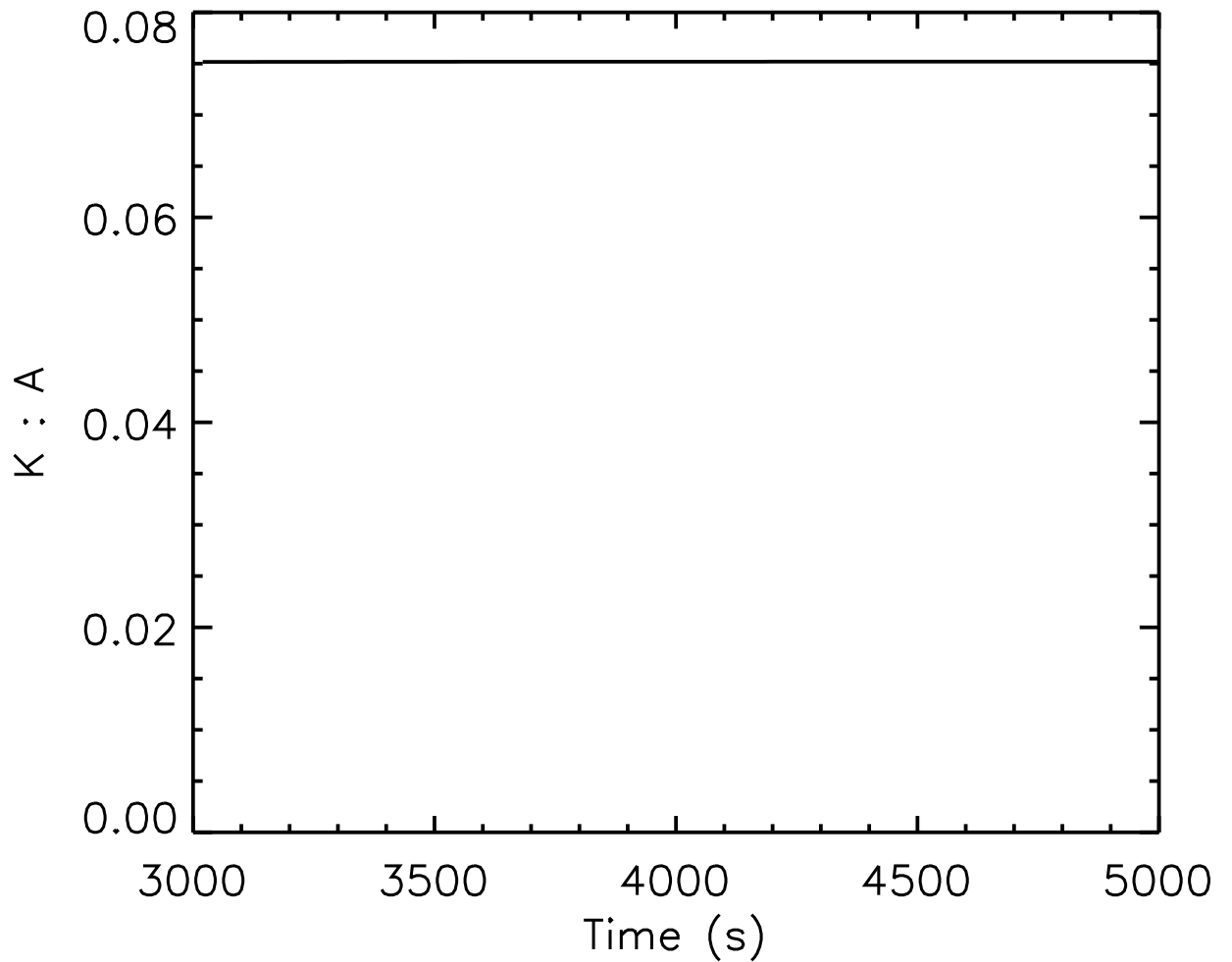
Percentiles [25,50,75]=[7.69e-01, 7.69e-01, 7.69e-01]

Ratio K_E to A_E



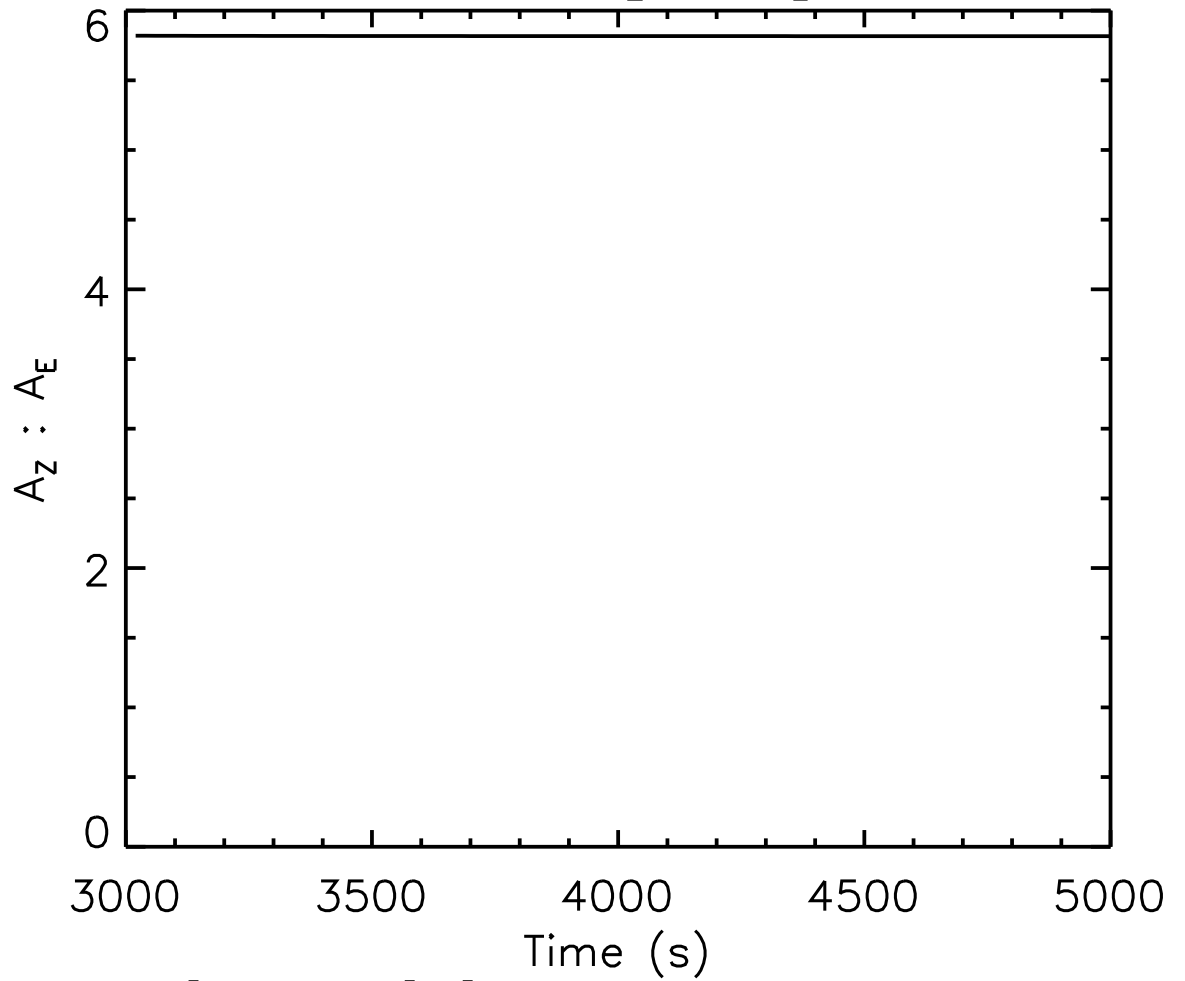
Percentiles [25,50,75]=[3.05e-01, 3.05e-01, 3.05e-01]

Ratio K to A



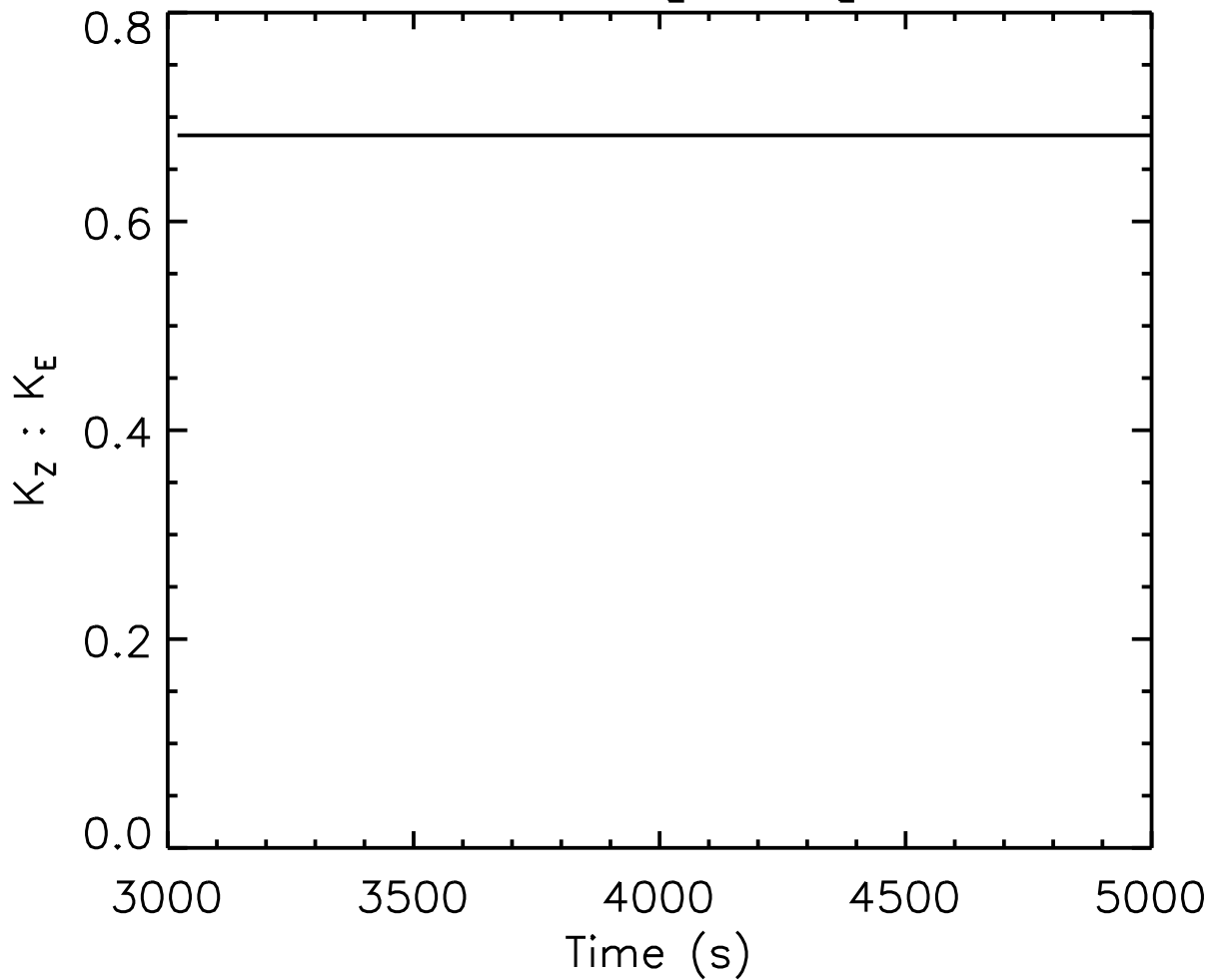
Percentiles [25,50,75]=[7.52e-02, 7.52e-02, 7.52e-02]

Ratio A_Z to A_E



Percentiles [25,50,75]=[5.82e+00, 5.82e+00, 5.82e+00]

Ratio K_Z to K_E



Percentiles [25,50,75]=[6.82e-01, 6.82e-01, 6.82e-01]

Energy rates of change

